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Selected Acquisition Report (SAR)

RCS: DD-A&T(Q&A)823-198



F-35 Lightning II Joint Strike Fighter (JSF) Program (F-35)

As of FY 2018 President's Budget

Defense Acquisition Management Information Retrieval (DAMIR)

Table of Contents

Sensitivity Originator	3
Common Acronyms and Abbreviations for MDAP Programs	4
Program Information	6
Responsible Office	6
References	7
Mission and Description	8
Executive Summary	9
Threshold Breaches	13
Schedule	14
Performance	18
Track to Budget	22
Cost and Funding	26
Cost and Funding	31
Low Rate Initial Production	70
Foreign Military Sales	71
Nuclear Costs	71
Unit Cost	72
Cost Variance	79
Contracts	87
Deliveries and Expenditures	94
Operating and Support Cost	95

Sensitivity Originator

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Organization:	F-35 Lightning II Program

Common Acronyms and Abbreviations for MDAP Programs

Acq O&M - Acquisition-Related Operations and Maintenance ACAT - Acquisition Category ADM - Acquisition Decision Memorandum **APB** - Acquisition Program Baseline **APPN** - Appropriation APUC - Average Procurement Unit Cost \$B - Billions of Dollars BA - Budget Authority/Budget Activity Blk - Block BY - Base Year CAPE - Cost Assessment and Program Evaluation CARD - Cost Analysis Requirements Description CDD - Capability Development Document **CLIN - Contract Line Item Number CPD** - Capability Production Document CY - Calendar Year DAB - Defense Acquisition Board **DAE - Defense Acquisition Executive** DAMIR - Defense Acquisition Management Information Retrieval DoD - Department of Defense **DSN - Defense Switched Network** EMD - Engineering and Manufacturing Development EVM - Earned Value Management FOC - Full Operational Capability FMS - Foreign Military Sales FRP - Full Rate Production FY - Fiscal Year FYDP - Future Years Defense Program ICE - Independent Cost Estimate IOC - Initial Operational Capability Inc - Increment JROC - Joint Requirements Oversight Council \$K - Thousands of Dollars **KPP - Key Performance Parameter** LRIP - Low Rate Initial Production \$M - Millions of Dollars MDA - Milestone Decision Authority MDAP - Major Defense Acquisition Program **MILCON - Military Construction** N/A - Not Applicable O&M - Operations and Maintenance **ORD - Operational Requirements Document** OSD - Office of the Secretary of Defense O&S - Operating and Support PAUC - Program Acquisition Unit Cost

PB - President's Budget PE - Program Element PEO - Program Executive Officer PM - Program Manager POE - Program Office Estimate RDT&E - Research, Development, Test, and Evaluation SAR - Selected Acquisition Report SCP - Service Cost Position TBD - To Be Determined TY - Then Year UCR - Unit Cost Reporting U.S. - United States USD(AT&L) - Under Secretary of Defense (Acquisition, Technology and Logistics)

Program Information

Program Name

F-35 Lightning II Joint Strike Fighter (JSF) Program (F-35)

DoD Component

DoD

Joint Participants

United States Navy; United States Air Force; United States Marine Corps; United Kingdom; Italy; The Netherlands; Turkey; Canada; Australia; Denmark; Norway

The F-35 Program is a joint DoD program for which Service Acquisition Executive Authority alternates between the Department of the Navy (DoN) and the Department of the Air Force (DAF), and currently resides with the DAF.

Responsible Office

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References

F-35 Aircraft

SAR Baseline (Development Estimate)

Defense Acquisition Executive (DAE) Approved Acquisition Program Baseline (APB) dated March 26, 2012

Approved APB

Defense Acquisition Executive (DAE) Approved Acquisition Program Baseline (APB) dated June 18, 2014

F-35 Engine

SAR Baseline (Development Estimate)

Defense Acquisition Executive (DAE) Approved Acquisition Program Baseline (APB) dated March 26, 2012

Approved APB

Defense Acquisition Executive (DAE) Approved Acquisition Program Baseline (APB) dated June 18, 2014

Mission and Description

The F-35 Lightning II Program will develop and field an affordable, highly common family of next-generation strike aircraft for the U.S. Navy, Air Force, Marine Corps, and allies. The three variants are the F-35A; F-35B; and the F-35C. The F-35A will be a stealthy multi-role aircraft, primarily air-to-ground, for the Air Force to replace the F-16 and A-10 and complement the F-22. The F-35B variant will be a multi-role strike fighter aircraft to replace the AV-8B and F/A-18A/C/D for the Marine Corps. The F-35C will provide the U.S. Navy a multi-role, stealthy strike fighter aircraft to complement the F/A-18E/F. The planned DoD F-35 Fleet will replace the joint services' legacy fleets. The transition from multiple type/model/series to a common platform will result in a smaller total force over time and operational and overall cost efficiencies.

Executive Summary

The F-35 remains the DoD's largest cooperative acquisition program, with eight International Partners participating with the U.S. under Memorandums of Understanding for System Development and Demonstration (SDD) and Production, Sustainment and Follow-on Development. Additionally, the program currently has three FMS customers. The F-35 program is executing well across the entire spectrum of acquisition, to include development and design, flight test, production, fielding and base stand-up, sustainment of fielded aircraft, and building a global sustainment enterprise.

The F-35 weapon system is now operational and forward deployed. The size of the fleet continues to grow and is rapidly expanding its capability. Program costs are well understood and are stable. With respect to production costs and operating costs that the program can influence; they are decreasing. The costs to complete the Development program still remain well within the budget established in 2011 after the Nunn-McCurdy Breach. The overall assessment is that the program is making solid progress as it grows and accelerates; and shows improvement as the program continues to manage emerging issues and mitigates program risks.

We are again pleased to report many accomplishments by the F-35 team during the past year but none are more satisfying than the declaration of IOC for the F-35A by the U.S. Air Force (USAF) last summer, and seeing the U.S. Marine Corps (USMC) forward deploy its F-35Bs. The F-35 fleet now exceeds 210 aircraft and it has surpassed 73,000 flight hours.

The Program's main focus areas include: Delivering the full Block 3F capabilities; completing development within the time and resources we have; smoothly transitioning from SDD to Follow-on-Modernization (FoM); completing the production ramp-up while continuing to improve quality and delivery schedule; continuing to grow the global sustainment enterprise and improving the fielded fleet's performance; and continuing to strengthen International partnerships and participation.

Development

Delivering Full Block 3F capabilities: Steady progress is being made toward delivery of full Block 3F warfighter capability and completion of the SDD program. Two important milestones are associated with the closeout of this phase of the program: completion of SDD flight test and the delivery of the full Block 3F capability. The Joint Program Office (JPO)/Industry team will continue SDD until the full Block 3F capability is delivered to the warfighter. Delivery of full 3F capability is projected to meet APB threshold dates for all 3 variants with the exception of F-35B which will be cleared to 1.3 Mach by the threshold date with expansion to 1.6 Mach by May 2018. Critical path for F-35B to 1.6 Mach is a structural integrity update and the air worthiness certification.

Steady progress is being made toward completion of the SDD program. With respect to completion of F-35 flight test, the original 2011 re-baseline Program of Record showed flight testing to end on October 31, 2017. The JPO has maintained that there are three to four months of risk to the completion date and current projection of the end of SDD flight test by February 2018.

As a result of extensive review of work remaining and risk to completion, DoD has directed the JPO to maintain the resources necessary to continue flight testing to May 2018, if necessary, to ensure delivery of the full Block 3F capability. The biggest risks to the timely completion of SDD flight testing include software stability, the discovery of any new software deficiencies, the time it takes to correct deficiencies, and the health of our Developmental Test (DT) fleet. The remaining cost to complete the F-35's \$55B development program is estimated to be \$2.3B; money which was already budgeted for the program. Should flight testing go beyond February 2018 to May 2018, the JPO has been directed to hold \$100M of FoM funding in FY 2018 to pay for this added flight testing. Use of this internal funding will result in no impact to any other DoD programs or the Services/DoD's budget requirements.

Initial Operational Test and Evaluation (IOT&E): A number of criteria are required to be met by the Director, Operational Test & Evaluation before IOT&E can begin. These include the release of the final Block 3F aircraft capability, the release of Autonomic Logistics Information System (ALIS) 3.0, the release of a verified and validated Mission Data File (MDF), the

readiness of 23 instrumented aircraft in a Block 3F production representative configuration, and functioning Air-to-Air Range Infrastructure 2 (AARI 2) capability on the test aircraft and ranges. Additionally, a verified, validated, and accredited F-35 simulator must be delivered approximately four months prior to completion of the 13-month long IOT&E program. This simulator requirement will be met by the Joint Simulation Environment located at Naval Air Station Patuxent River in Maryland.

It is likely that by February 2018, the field release of ALIS 3.0, the field release of a verified and validated MDF, and the modifications necessary to place all 23 aircraft into a production representative configuration will not be completed. However, a large subset of those entrance criteria to start IOT&E will be met by February 2018. DOT&E has agreed to execute certain pre-IOT&E events to the advantage of ship availabilities and seasonal weather conditions. Additionally, in cooperation with the JPO, DOT&E is assessing the feasibility to start IOT&E as soon as possible with less than all 23 Block 3F Operational Test (OT) jets; potentially as early as March-April 2018. This IOT&E start approach is desirable for many reasons: First, obtaining earlier feedback from the OT community will enable the JPO and Industry to make corrections and fixes sooner, providing better capabilities to the warfighter. Second, delaying IOT&E will result in higher costs because IOT&E support will have to continue longer than planned. The JPO estimates that a six-month delay in the start of IOT&E will cost an additional \$30M. Finally, since F-35s will be produced at over 100+ airplanes per year during IOT&E, the sooner deficiencies are discovered, the quicker they can be cut into production, saving the time and resources that would otherwise be needed to retrofit these jets if they were to be produced without the corrections.

Transition to FoM: The F-35 FoM program continues to move forward and execute the acquisition strategy for the Block 4 planning and systems engineering phase. FoM systems engineering has been less efficient than planned which coupled with previous funding reductions have required the JPO to begin an update of the program execution plan. The F-35 JPO will manage FoM as a continuation of the F-35 program with full transparency to the enterprise for reporting on cost, schedule and performance as if it were a new program. SAR 2016 RDT&E cost excludes FoM funding; F-35B/C Sustainment/Capability enhancements; F-35A Deployability and Suitability enhancements; and F-35A Dual Capable Aircraft enhancements. FoM costs will not be included in the SAR until modernization is properly baselined.

Production

In August of 2016, Lockheed Martin declared an issue with non-conforming insulation on the polyalphaolefin (PAO) cooling tubes in some F-35A wing fuel tanks. The subsequent investigation and repairs affected 42 production aircraft which resulted in delays for re-work, limiting the production delivery to 46 aircraft of the planned 53 aircraft in 2016. Of the 46 delivered aircraft, 40 aircraft were assembled in the Fort Worth, Texas, Final Assembly and Check Out (FACO) facility and six aircraft were from the Italian FACO in Cameri, Italy.

In 2017, the goal is to deliver a total of 66 aircraft, which includes carryover of the seven aircraft originally planned for delivery in 2016. Of those 66 aircraft, 61 aircraft will be delivered from the Fort Worth FACO, three aircraft from the Italian FACO, which includes its first "B" model produced, and the first 2 aircraft deliveries from the Japanese FACO in Nagoya, Japan.

The DoD intends on executing an F-35 Block Buy contracting strategy for F-35 International Partners and FMS customers for production Lot 12 (FY 2018), Lot 13 (FY 2019) and Lot 14 (FY 2020). This strategy gives the F-35 Partners and FMS customers the flexibility to procure all aircraft in a single procurement lot, or to procure aircraft and engines in a multiple Lot format. The U.S. Services will procure Lots 12, 13 and 14 as single year procurements and will only request Congressional approval to award a single contract to procure material and equipment in Economic Order Quantity (EOQ) for FY 2019 and FY 2020. Procuring approximately 445 aircraft with this Block Buy/EOQ strategy is estimated to save approximately \$2B compared to the Lot 11 annual procurement price. The estimated savings have been validated by an F-35 JPO cost estimate, an industry analysis study, and an independent assessment conducted by RAND Corporation.

The current estimate for F-35 total procurement quantity increased from 2443 to 2456. This is the result of an increase of 13 F-35B aircraft to be procured by the United States Marine Corps (USMC). The increase is reflected in both the aircraft and engine subprogram and results in a change from 680 to 693 in the Department of Navy Aircraft Procurement accounts. The USMC validated this requirement through the Marine Corps Requirements Oversight Council (MROC). The additional aircraft are fully funded and the funding is reflected in the FY 2018 President's Budget submission. The additional aircraft were added after the completion of the congressionally directed Department-wide fighter mix study. The strategic review will

assess future tactical fighter force inventory requirements across the Department.

Sustainment

In October 2016, F-35 JPO Product Support Manager (PSM) released a request for information (RFI) for F-35 warehousing and support equipment repairs. The current RFI includes 709 components from which we anticipate the DoD will assign to the Services and Partners as well as the FMS customers such as wheels and brakes, electrical and hydraulic systems, maintenance of support equipment and warehousing for the global supply chain. These same capabilities either currently exist or are being developed at the U.S. Services' depots in the U.S. in accordance with current U.S. law.

The Hybrid Product Support Integrator (HPSI) was established in 2016 as outlined within the Global Support Solution and as directed by the PSM. In 2017, the PSM working with Department of the Air Force and Department of the Navy established an event based three-phased approach to continue the transition of the HPSI. Phase one is the initial HPSI Activation, Phase two is Solution maturation and Cost Reduction and Phase three is Solution Optimization. The primary focus within Phase 1 will be to achieve the Warfighters required performance outcomes within allocated budgets. During this phase, system-level performance outcomes will continue to be managed by the PSM, with accountability and metrics flowed from the PSM to HPSI Manager and Industry Leads through Service Level Agreements (SLAs) and contracts. In addition, this phase will also allow refinement of processes to include establishment by the PSM of individual Performance Based Agreements (PBAs) with F-35 Users as well as internal performance arrangements with other elements of the JPO providing support to achieve the required sustainment outcomes. This will ensure "best for enterprise" behaviors are evaluated to determine what, if any, changes or improvements are needed to deliver program commitments.

International and FMS

International participation on the program with eight Partners and three FMS customers remains strong. Over the past ten months, aircraft deliveries to our United Kingdom, Italy, and Norway Partners have continued, while FMS customers Israel and Japan received their first aircraft deliveries. Two significant milestones for Italy included the delivery of its first jet completed at the Italian FACO facility in Cameri, Italy and also the first aircraft arrival into its operational base located in Amendola, Italy. Notably, Israel also achieved first aircraft arrival into its operational base in Nevatim, Israel and it has identified a requirement for an additional 17 aircraft from an existing fleet of 33. Also, the Japanese aircraft FACO in Nagoya and engine FACO in Mizuho are both on track to deliver their first respective Japanese aircraft and engine later this year.

In May 2016, the two Dutch aircraft that are part of the DT fleet at Edwards Air Force Base (AFB) in California completed their first deployment to the Netherlands, where they conducted aerial and ground environmental noise surveys, performed flights over the North Sea range, and also appeared at the Netherlands' Open Days, the largest air show held annually in the Netherlands.

In early June 2016, the Danish Parliament approved its government's recommendation to acquire 27 F-35As, and Denmark became the 7th partner nation and 11th nation overall to buy the F-35. Also, that same month, F-35Bs landed for the first time in the United Kingdom. The United Kingdom F-35B was the first to touch down and was followed shortly afterwards by two other F-35Bs from the USMC and two USAF F-35As. The F-35s were in the United Kingdom to support the Royal International Air Tattoo and the Farnborough Air Show taking place in early July. More importantly, this was a deployment for the United Kingdom, USMC and USAF where they sustained and maintained the aircraft, generated sorties, and ultimately provided lessons learned on future F-35 operations.

In September 2016, Turkey held the 65 percent Design Review for its first Main Operating Base which will be located in Malatya, Turkey. This review is a major milestone on the way to ensuring Turkey's infrastructure is ready for aircraft arrival in 2019. In late October 2016, the Turkey Defense Industrial Executive Committee met and approved the Block Buy for 24 aircraft over three contract years.

Following flight testing and the USAF's recommendation, Australia authorized aerial refueling operations between its KC-30A tanker aircraft and F-35As in January. Preparations at Australia's first operating base, Royal Australian AFB in Williamtown continue as construction of hangers, training centers, and information support centers remain on schedule.

November was a significant month for South Korea as it was one of the countries assigned initial F-35 component repair capability. In addition, the first six Korean aircraft were awarded as part of the recent Lot 10 aircraft contract, with expected

F-35

delivery in 2018.

Over the past year, the JPO has worked closely with the U.S. Defense Security Cooperation Agency to promptly and thoroughly answer all questions provided by the Canadian government in support of its fighter replacement analysis. Further, the JPO has continued to work with potential FMS customers, including Belgium, Finland, and Spain, responding to all requests for information and other official inquiries.

In summary, the F-35 Program is nearing delivery of full Block 3F capability and completion of development within the cost and schedule boundaries laid in during the 2011 Rebaseline, remaining work in SDD is understood and stable, the program continues to plan the development transition to FoM, the F-35 fleet is rapidly expanding and F-35s are now flying in the U.S., Japan, Italy, and Israel. The Program is also continuing to ramp up production and building the global sustainment enterprise. As always, our number one overarching priority is to continue to drive cost out of all aspects of the F-35 Program, making it more affordable for all our customers.

Threshold Breaches

F-35 Aircraft

APB Breache	es	
Schedule		
Performance	!	
Cost	RDT&E	
	Procurement	
	MILCON	
	Acq O&M	
O&S Cost		
Unit Cost	PAUC	
	APUC	
Nunn-McCur	dy Breaches	

Current UCR Baseline

PAUC APUC	None None
Original UCR Baseline	
PAUC	None
APUC	None

F-35 Engine

APB Breaches							
Schedule							
Performance							
Cost	RDT&E						
	Procurement						
	MILCON						
	Acq O&M						
O&S Cost							
Unit Cost	PAUC						
	APUC						
Nunn-McCur	dy Breaches						
Current UCR	Baseline						
	PAUC	None					
	APUC	None					
Original UCF	Baseline						
	PAUC	None					
	APUC	None					

Schedule

SAR Baseline Current Object	ive I	A	PB (Dbje	ctive	e and	d Th	resh	old	٠	C	urrei	nt Es	tima	te	٠	Cu	rrent	t Esti	mate	e <mark>(</mark> Br	each	1)
	96	'98		'00'		'02		'04		'06		'08		'10		'12		'14		'1 <mark>6</mark>		'18	
	' 97		'99		'01		'03		'05		'07		'09		'11		'13		'15		'17		'19
F-35 Aircraft Concept Demonstration Co Milestone B EMD Contract Award Preliminary Design Review CDR CDR (CTOL&Common) CDR (STOVL&Common) CDR (CV&Common) DAE (IPR 1) 1st Fit CTOL DAE (IPR 2) 1st Fit STOVL 1st Fit STOVL 1st Fit STOVL 1st Fit CV 1st Production Aircraft Deliv Milestone B Re-approval Block 2B Fleet Release USMC IOC USAF IOC Block 3F Fleet Release USN IOC Completed IOT&E Full Rate Production Decision DAB Milestone C									3		*	*		*		••3			co3 30				
F-35 Engine See Note																							

F-35 Aircraft

Schedule Events							
Events	SAR Baseline Development Estimate	Deve	ent APB lopment e/Threshold	Current Estimate			
Concept Demonstration Contract Award	Nov 1996	Nov 1996	Nov 1996	Nov 1996			
Milestone B	Oct 2001	Oct 2001	Apr 2002	Oct 2001			
EMD Contract Award	Oct 2001	Oct 2001	Oct 2001	Oct 2001			
Preliminary Design Review	Apr 2003	Mar 2003	Mar 2003	Mar 2003			
CDR							
CDR (CTOL&Common)	Feb 2006	Feb 2006	Feb 2006	Feb 2006			
CDR (STOVL&Common)	Feb 2006	Feb 2006	Feb 2006	Feb 2006			
CDR (CV&Common)	Jun 2007	Jun 2007	Jun 2007	Jun 2007			
DAE (IPR 1)	Mar 2006	Mar 2006	Mar 2006	Mar 2006			
1st Flt CTOL	Dec 2006	Dec 2006	Dec 2006	Dec 2006			
DAE (IPR 2)	Apr 2007	Apr 2007	Apr 2007	Apr 2007			
1st Flt STOVL	Jun 2008	Jun 2008	Jun 2008	Jun 2008			
1st Flt CV	Jun 2010	May 2010	May 2010	May 2010			
1st Production Aircraft Delivered	May 2011	May 2011	May 2011	May 2011			
Milestone B Re-approval	Mar 2012	Nov 2011	May 2012	Mar 2012			
Block 2B Fleet Release	Mar 2015	Mar 2015	Sep 2015	Jun 2015			
USMC IOC	TBD	Jul 2015	Dec 2015	Jul 2015			
USAF IOC	TBD	Aug 2016	Dec 2016	Aug 2016			
Block 3F Fleet Release	Aug 2017	Aug 2017	Feb 2018	Aug 2017			
USN IOC	TBD	Aug 2018	Feb 2019	Aug 2018			
Completed IOT&E	Feb 2019	Feb 2019	Aug 2019	Feb 2019			
Full Rate Production Decision	Apr 2019	Apr 2019	Oct 2019	Apr 2019			
DAB Milestone C	Apr 2019	Apr 2019	Oct 2019	Apr 2019			

Change Explanations

None

Acronyms and Abbreviations

CDR - Critical Design Review CTOL - Conventional Takeoff and Landing CV - Aircraft Carrier Suitable Variant Flt - Flight IOT&E - Initial Operational Test and Evaluation IPR - Interim Progress Review STOVL - Short Takeoff and Vertical Landing USAF - United States Air Force USMC - United States Marine Corps USN - United States Navy

F-35 Engine

Schedule Events							
	SAR Baseline Development Estimate	Develo	nt APB opment Threshold	Current Estimate			
See Note	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A			

Change Explanations

None

Notes

Schedule milestones for the F-35 Engine subprogram are captured as part of the system-level schedule milestones reflected in the F-35 Aircraft subprogram.

Performance

F-35 Aircraft

	Performan	ce Characteristics							
SAR Baseline Development Estimate	Curren Develo Objective/	Demonstrated Performance	Current Estimate						
STOVL Mission Performance - STO Distance Flat Deck									
With four 1000# JDAMs and two internal AIM- 120s, full expendables, execute a 600 foot (450 UK STOVL) STO from LHA, LHD, and aircraft carriers (sea level, tropical day, 10 kts operational WOD) and with a combat radius of 550 nm (STOVL profile). Also must perform STOVL vertical landing with two 1000# JDAMs and two internal AIM- 120s, full expendables, and fuel to fly the STOVL Recovery profile.	With four 1000# JDAMs and two internal AIM- 120s, full expendables, execute a 600 foot (450 UK STOVL) STO from LHA, LHD, and aircraft carriers (sea level, tropical day, 10 kts operational WOD) and with a combat radius of 550 nm (STOVL profile). Also must perform STOVL vertical landing with two 1000# JDAMs and two internal AIM- 120s, full expendables, and fuel to fly the STOVL Recovery profile.	With two 1000# JDAMs and two internal AIM- 120s, full expendables, execute a 600 foot (450 UK STOVL) STO from LHA, LHD, and aircraft carriers (sea level, tropical day, 10 kts operational WOD) and with a combat radius of 450 nm (STOVL profile). Also must perform STOVL vertical landing with two 1000# JDAMs and two internal AIM- 120s, full expendables, and fuel to fly the STOVL Recovery profile.	Execute 549 ft. STO with 2 JDAM (internal), 2 AIM- 120 (internal), fuel to fly 450nm	Execute 549 ft. STO with 2 JDAM (internal), 2 AIM-120 (internal), fuel to fly 450nm					
Combat Radius NM -CT									
690	690	590	669	669					
Combat Radius NM -STC		450	505	505					
550	550	450	505	505					
Combat Radius NM -CV		<u></u>	TDD	040					
730	730	600	TBD	640					
Mission Reliability - CTC		029/	029/	029/					
98% Mission Reliability - CV V	98%	93%	93%	93%					
98%	98%	95%	95%	95%					
Mission Reliability - STC		35 /0	JJ /0	J)/0					
98%	98%	95%	97%	97%					
Logistics Footprint - CT		0070	01/0	01 /0					
Less than or equal to 6 C -17 equivalents	Less than or equal to 6 C-17 equivalents	Less than or equal to 8 C-17 equivalent loads	Less than or equal to 8 C-17 equivalents	Less than or equal to 8 C- 17					

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December 2016 SAR

				equivalents
Logistics Footprint - CV	Variant			
Less than or equal to 34,000 cu ft., 183 ST	Less than or equal to 34,000 cu ft., 183 ST	Less than or equal to 46,000 cu ft., 243 ST	Less than or equal to 44,900 cu ft., 222 ST	Less than or equal to 44,900 cu ft., 222 ST
Logistics Footprint - ST	OVL Variant			
Less than or equal to 4 C -17 equivalents	Less than or equal to 4 C-17 equivalents	Less than or equal to 8 C-17 equivalent loads	Less than or equal to 8 C-17 equivalents	Less than or equal to 8 C- 17 equivalents
Logistics Footprint - STO	OVL Variant L-Class			
Less than or equal to 15,000 cu ft, 104 ST	Less than or equal to 15,000 cu ft, 104 ST	Less than or equal to 21,000 cu ft, 136 ST	Less than or equal to 18,400 cu ft, 105 ST	Less than or equal to 18,400 cu ft, 105 ST
Sortie Generation Rates	- CTOL Variant			
4.0/3.0/2.0 2.5 ASD	4.0/3.0/2.0 2.5 ASD	3.0/2.0/1.0 2.5 ASD	3.4/3.0/2.0 2.5 ASD	3.4/3.0/2.0 2.5 ASD
Sortie Generation Rates	- CV Variant			
4.0/3.0/1.0 1.8 ASD	4.0/3.0/1.0 1.8 ASD	3.0/2.0/1.0 1.8 ASD	3.9/3.0/1.0 1.8 ASD	3.9/3.0/1.0 1.8 ASD
Sortie Generation Rates	- STOVL Variant (USM	C)		
6.0/4.0/2.0 1.1 ASD	6.0/4.0/2.0 1.1 ASD	4.0/3.0/1.0 1.1 ASD	5.5/4.0/2.0 1.1 ASD	5.5/4.0/2.0 1.1 ASD
CV Recovery Performan	ce (Vpa)			
Vpa. Maximum approach speed (Vpa) at required carrier landing weight (RCLW) of less than 140 knots.	Vpa at required carrier landing weight (RCLW) of less than 140 knots.	Vpa at required carrier landing weight (RCLW) of less than 145 knots.	Vpa. Maximum approach speed (Vpa) at required carrier landing weight (RCLW) of less than 144 knots.	Vpa. Maximum approach speed (Vpa) at required carrier landing weight (RCLW) of less than 144 knots.

Classified Performance information is provided in the classified annex to this submission.

Requirements Reference

Operational Requirements Document (ORD) Change 3 dated August 19, 2008 as modified by Joint Requirements Oversight Council Memorandum 040-12 dated March 16, 2012

Change Explanations

(Ch-1) Operational Requirements Document (ORD) Change 3 dated August 19, 2008 as modified by JROC Memorandum 040-12 dated March 16, 2012. For Demonstrated Performance, extensive flight test data was used to calibrate the aero-performance model. The values listed herein as "Demonstrated Performance" are based on the final aero-performance model (up-and-away) for the F-35A and F-35B.

Notes

The F-35 Program is currently in developmental testing, and will provide demonstrated performance with the Block 3F full capability aircraft.

Acronyms and Abbreviations

ASD - Average Sortie Duration CTOL - Conventional Takeoff and Landing CU FT - Cubic Feet CV - Aircraft Carrier Suitable Variant JDAM - Joint Direct Attack Munitions KTS - Knots NM - Nautical Miles RCLW - Required Carrier Landing Weight SGR - Sortie Generation Rate ST - Short Tons STO - Short Takeoff STOVL - Short Takeoff and Vertical Landing Vpa - Max Approach Speed WOD - Wind Over the Deck

F-35 Engine

Performance Characteristics								
SAR BaselineCurrent APBDevelopmentDevelopmentEstimateObjective/Threshold			Demonstrated Performance	Current Estimate				
See Note								
N/A	N/A	N/A	TBD	N/A				

Requirements Reference

Operational Requirements Document (ORD) Change 3 dated August 19, 2008 as modified by Joint Requirements Oversight Council Memorandum 040-12 dated March 16, 2012

Change Explanations

None

Notes

Performance characteristics for the F-35 Engine subprogram are captured as part of the system-level performance characteristics reflected in the F-35 Aircraft subprogram.

Track to Budget

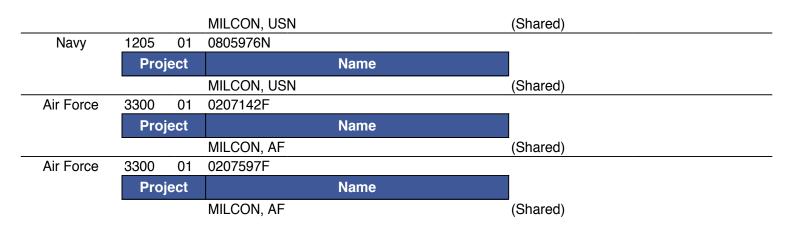
F-35 Aircraft

General Notes

F-35 is DoD's largest cooperative development program. In addition to DoD's funding lines, eight International Partners are providing funding in the System Development and Demonstration (SDD) Phase under a Memorandum of Understanding (MOU): United Kingdom, Italy, The Netherlands, Turkey, Canada, Australia, Denmark, and Norway. All but Turkey and Australia were partners in the prior phase. Associated financial contributions are reflected in the Annual Funding section as Appropriation 9999, RDT&E Non-Treasury Funds. RDT&E cost excludes Follow-on Modernization Funding; F-35B/C Sustainment/Capability Enhancements; F-35A Deployability and Suitability Enhancements; and F-35A Dual Capable Aircraft Enhancements.

RDT&E				
Appn		BA	PE	
Navy	1319	04	0603800N	
	Pro	ject	Name	
	2209		RDT&E, Navy CDP	(Sunk)
Navy	1319	05	0604800M	
	Pro	ject	Name	
	2262		Joint Strike Fighter - EMD	
Navy	1319	05	0604800N	
	Pro	ject	Name	
	2261		JT Strike Fighter - EMD	
	3194		RDT&E, Navy EMD/Joint Reprogramming Center	(Sunk)
Air Force	3600	04	0603800F	
	Pro	ject	Name	
	2025		RDT&E, Air Force CDP	(Sunk)
Air Force	3600	05	0604800F	
	Pro	ject	Name	
	3831		F-35 - EMD	
Defense-Wide	0400	03	0603800E	
	Pro	ject	Name	
			RDT&E, DARPA	(Sunk)
Defense-Wide		05		
	Pro	ject	Name	
			RDT&E, Non-Treasury Funds	
Procurement				
Appn		BA	PE	
Navy	1506	01	0204146N	
	Line	Item	Name	

	0147		Joint Strike Fighter CV	
Navy	1506	01	0204146M	
-	Line	ltem	Name	
	0152		JSF STOVL	
Navy	1506	05	0204146M	
	Line	Item	Name	
	0592		F-35 STOVL Series	
Navy	1506	05	0204146N	
-	Line	ltem	Name	
	0593		F-35 CV Series	
Navy	1506	06	0204146N	
	Line	ltem	Name	
	0605		Spares and Repair Parts	(Shared)
Navy	1506	06	0204146M	
	Line	ltem	Name	
	0605		Spares and Repair Parts	(Shared)
Air Force	3010	06	0207142F	
	Line	ltem	Name	
	00099	9	Initial Spares/Repair Parts	(Shared)
Air Force	3010	01	0207142F	
	Line	ltem	Name	
	ATA00)0	F-35	
Air Force	3010	05	0207142F	
	Line	ltem	Name	
	F0350	0	F-35 Modifications	
MILCON				
Appn		BA	PE	
Navy	1205	01	0202176M	
	Pro	ject	Name	
			MILCON, USN	(Shared)
Navy	1205	01	0212176N	
	Pro	ject	Name	
			MILCON, USN	(Shared)
Navy	1205	01	0216496M	
	Pro	ject	Name	
			MILCON, USN	(Shared)
Navy	1205	01	0703676N	
	Pro	ject	Name	
			MILCON, USN	(Shared)
Navy	1205	01	0712876N	
	Pro	ject	Name	



F-35 Engine

General Notes

F-35 is DoD's largest cooperative development program. In addition to DoD's funding lines, eight International Partners are providing funding in the System Development and Demonstration (SDD) Phase under a Memorandum of Understanding (MOU): United Kingdom, Italy, The Netherlands, Turkey, Canada, Australia, Denmark, and Norway. All but Turkey and Australia were partners in the prior phase. Associated financial contributions are reflected in the Annual Funding section as Appropriation 9999, RDT&E Non-Treasury Funds. RDT&E cost excludes Follow-on Modernization funding; F-35B/C Sustainment/Capability Enhancements; F-35A Deployability and Suitability Enhancements; and F-35A Dual Capable Aircraft Enhancements.

DT&E				
Appn		BA	PE	
Navy	1319	04	0603800N	_
	Proj	ject	Name	
	2209		RDT&E, Navy CDP	(Sunk)
Navy	1319	05	0604800M	_
	Proj	ject	Name	
	2262		RDT&E, Marine Corps	—
Navy	1319	05	0604800N	
	Proj	ject	Name	
	2261		RDT&E, Navy EMD/JSF	_
	3194		RDT&E, Navy EMD/Joint Reprogramming Center	(Sunk)
	9999		RDT&E, Navy EMD/Congressional Adds	(Sunk)
Air Force	3600	04	0603800F	
	Proj	ject	Name	
	2025		RDT&E, Air Force CDP	(Sunk)
Air Force	3600	05	0604800F	
	Proj	ject	Name	
	3831		RDT&E, Air Force EMD/Joint Strike Fighter Quantity of RDT&E Articles	_
efense-Wide	0400	03	0603800E	

December 2016 SAR

	Proje	ect	Name	
			RDT&E, DARPA	(Sunk)
Defense-Wide	9999	05		
	Proje	ect	Name	
			RDT&E, Non-Treasury Funds	
Procurement				
Appn		BA	PE	
Navy	1506	01	0204146N	
	Line I	tem	Name	
	0147		JSF (Navy)	
Navy	1506	01	0204146M	
	Line li	tem	Name	
	0152		JSF (Marine Corps)	
Navy	1506	06	0204146N	
	Line I	tem	Name	
	0605		Initial Spares (Navy)	(Shared)
Navy	1506	06	0204146M	
	Line I	tem	Name	
	0605		Initial Spares (Marine Corps)	(Shared)
Air Force	3010	06	0207142F	
	Line I		Name	
	000999		Initial Spares (Air Force)	(Shared)
Air Force	3010	01	0207142F	
	Line I		Name	
	ATA000		JSF (Air Force)	
Air Force	3010		0207142F	
	Line I		Name	
	F03500		Mods (Air Force)	

F-35

Cost and Funding

Cost Summary - Total Program

		Total Acquisit	ion Co	st - Total Progr	ram		
	B	/ 2012 \$M		BY 2012 \$M	TY \$M		
Appropriation	SAR Baseline Development Estimate	Current APE Developmen Objective/Thres	nt	Current Estimate	SAR Baseline Development Estimate	Current APB Development Objective	Current Estimate
RDT&E	59677.3	59398.1		59810.7	55233.8	55182.9	55497.1
Procurement	266665.8	266665.8		260775.8	335680.7	335680.7	346190.4
Flyaway				231020.3			310261.7
Recurring				206533.5			278468.6
Non Recurring				24486.8			31793.1
Support				29755.5			35928.7
Other Support				18572.8			22530.7
Initial Spares				11182.7			13398.0
MILCON	4168.0	4168.0		4034.1	4797.3	4797.3	4793.4
Acq O&M	0.0	0.0		0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Total	330511.1	330231.9	N/A	324620.6	395711.8	395660.9	406480.9

Cost and Funding

Cost Summary - F-35 Aircraft

		Total Ac	cquisition Co	ost - F-35 Aircra	aft			
	B	Y 2012 \$M		BY 2012 \$M	TY \$M			
Appropriation	SAR Baseline Development Estimate	Curren Develoj Objective/1	oment	Current Estimate	SAR Baseline Development Estimate	Current APB Development Objective	Current Estimate	
RDT&E	47982.1	46457.5	51103.3	46685.6	44410.1	43360.7	43530.3	
Procurement	224332.9	224332.9	246766.2	220857.7	282647.8	282647.8	293758.2	
Flyaway				196277.1			264080.3	
Recurring				174227.3			235363.0	
Non Recurring				22049.8			28717.3	
Support				24580.6			29677.9	
Other Support				16664.8			20223.3	
Initial Spares				7915.8			9454.6	
MILCON	4168.0	4168.0 4168.0 4		4034.1	4797.3	4797.3	4793.4	
Acq O&M	0.0 0.0		0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
Total	276483.0	274958.4	N/A	271577.4	331855.2	330805.8	342081.9	

Current APB Cost Estimate Reference

Cost Assessment and Program Evaluation (CAPE) Independent Cost Estimate (ICE) dated March 09, 2012

Cost Notes

In accordance with Section 842 of the National Defense Authorization Act for FY 2017, which amended title 10 U.S.C. § 2334, the Director of Cost Assessment and Program Evaluation, and the Secretary of the military department concerned or the head of the Defense Agency concerned, must issue guidance requiring a discussion of risk, the potential impacts of risk on program costs, and approaches to mitigate risk in cost estimates for MDAPs and major subprograms. The information required by the guidance is to be reported in each SAR. This guidance is not yet available; therefore, the information on cost risk is not contained in this SAR.

	Total Quantity - F-35 Aircraft										
Quantity	SAR Baseline Development Estimate	Current APB Development	Current Estimate								
RDT&E	14	14	14								
Procurement	2443	2443	2456								
Total	2457	2457	2470								
Quantity Notes											

The current estimate for F-35 total procurement quantity increased from 2443 to 2456. This is the result of an increase of 13 F-35B aircraft to be procured by the United States Marine Corps (USMC). The increase is reflected in both the aircraft and engine subprogram and results in a change from 680 to 693 in the Department of Navy Aircraft Procurement accounts. The USMC validated this requirement through the Marine Corps Requirements Oversight Council (MROC). The additional aircraft are fully funded and the funding is reflected in the FY 2018 President's Budget submission. The additional aircraft were added after the completion of the congressionally directed Department-wide fighter mix study. The strategic review will assess future tactical fighter force inventory requirements across the Department.

		Total A	cquisition Co	ost - F-35 Engi	ne			
	B	/ 2012 \$M		BY 2012 \$M	TY \$M			
Appropriation	SAR Baseline Development Estimate	Develo	Current APB Development Objective/Threshold		SAR Baseline Development Estimate	Current APB Development Objective	Current Estimate	
RDT&E	11695.2	12940.6	14234.7	13125.1	10823.7	11822.2	11966.8	
Procurement	42332.9	42332.9	46566.2	39918.1	53032.9	53032.9	52432.2	
Flyaway				34743.2			46181.4	
Recurring				32306.2			43105.6	
Non Recurring				2437.0			3075.8	
Support				5174.9			6250.8	
Other Support				1908.0			2307.4	
Initial Spares				3266.9			3943.4	
MILCON	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
Acq O&M	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
Total	54028.1	55273.5	N/A	53043.2	63856.6	64855.1	64399.0	

Cost Summary - F-35 Engine

Current APB Cost Estimate Reference

Cost Assessment and Program Evaluation (CAPE) Independent Cost Estimate (ICE) dated March 09, 2012

Cost Notes

In accordance with Section 842 of the National Defense Authorization Act for FY 2017, which amended title 10 U.S.C. § 2334, the Director of Cost Assessment and Program Evaluation, and the Secretary of the military department concerned or the head of the Defense Agency concerned, must issue guidance requiring a discussion of risk, the potential impacts of risk on program costs, and approaches to mitigate risk in cost estimates for MDAPs and major subprograms. The information required by the guidance is to be reported in each SAR. This guidance is not yet available; therefore, the information on cost risk is not contained in this SAR.

	Total Quantity - F-35 Engine									
Quantity	SAR Baseline Development Estimate	Current APB Development	Current Estimate							
RDT&E	14	14	14							
Procurement	2443	2443	2456							
Total	2457	2457	2470							

Quantity Notes

The current estimate for F-35 total procurement quantity increased from 2443 to 2456. This is the result of an increase of 13 F-35B aircraft to be procured by the United States Marine Corps (USMC). The increase is reflected in both the aircraft and engine subprogram and results in a change from 680 to 693 in the Department of Navy Aircraft Procurement accounts. The USMC validated this requirement through the Marine Corps Requirements Oversight Council (MROC). The additional aircraft are fully funded and the funding is reflected in the FY 2018 President's Budget submission. The additional aircraft were added after the completion of the congressionally directed Department-wide fighter mix study. The strategic review will assess future tactical fighter force inventory requirements across the Department.

Cost and Funding

Funding Summary - Total Program

	Appropriation Summary										
FY 2018 President's Budget / December 2016 SAR (TY\$ M)											
Appropriation	Prior	FY 2017	FY 2018	FY 2019	FY 2020	FY 2021	FY 2022	To Complete	Total		
RDT&E	53326.9	1436.9	527.8	186.8	11.1	6.6	1.0	0.0	55497.1		
Procurement	55901.4	9811.3	9659.9	9297.9	10928.2	12610.8	12195.7	225785.2	346190.4		
MILCON	1740.3	363.0	269.3	334.7	104.4	0.0	27.2	1954.5	4793.4		
Acq O&M	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0		
PB 2018 Total	110968.6	11611.2	10457.0	9819.4	11043.7	12617.4	12223.9	227739.7	406480.9		
PB 2017 Total	111219.4	10711.6	11032.3	10600.5	11425.5	13232.6	15223.2	195596.9	379042.0		
Delta	-250.8	899.6	-575.3	-781.1	-381.8	-615.2	-2999.3	32142.8	27438.9		

Cost and Funding

Funding Summary - F-35 Aircraft

	Appropriation Summary										
FY 2018 President's Budget / December 2016 SAR (TY\$ M)											
Appropriation	Prior	FY 2017	FY 2018	FY 2019	FY 2020	FY 2021	FY 2022	To Complete	Total		
RDT&E	41483.6	1313.4	527.8	186.8	11.1	6.6	1.0	0.0	43530.3		
Procurement	47883.0	8194.8	7999.2	7749.2	9106.0	10510.3	10151.1	192164.6	293758.2		
MILCON	1740.3	363.0	269.3	334.7	104.4	0.0	27.2	1954.5	4793.4		
Acq O&M	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0		
PB 2018 Total	91106.9	9871.2	8796.3	8270.7	9221.5	10516.9	10179.3	194119.1	342081.9		
PB 2017 Total	91294.7	9146.4	9223.0	8826.1	9513.6	10991.8	12736.8	166658.5	318390.9		
Delta	-187.8	724.8	-426.7	-555.4	-292.1	-474.9	-2557.5	27460.6	23691.0		

	Quantity Summary										
FY 2018 President's Budget / December 2016 SAR (TY\$ M)											
Quantity	Undistributed	Prior	FY 2017	FY 2018	FY 2019	FY 2020	FY 2021	FY 2022	To Complete	Total	
Development	14	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	14	
Production	0	285	74	70	77	84	99	99	1668	2456	
PB 2018 Total	14	285	74	70	77	84	99	99	1668	2470	
PB 2017 Total	14	285	63	70	80	86	105	125	1629	2457	
Delta	0	0	11	0	-3	-2	-6	-26	39	13	

Funding Summary - F-35 Engine

	Appropriation Summary										
FY 2018 President's Budget / December 2016 SAR (TY\$ M)											
Appropriation	Prior	FY 2017	FY 2018	FY 2019	FY 2020	FY 2021	FY 2022	To Complete	Total		
RDT&E	11843.3	123.5	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	11966.8		
Procurement	8018.4	1616.5	1660.7	1548.7	1822.2	2100.5	2044.6	33620.6	52432.2		
MILCON	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0		
Acq O&M	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0		
PB 2018 Total	19861.7	1740.0	1660.7	1548.7	1822.2	2100.5	2044.6	33620.6	64399.0		
PB 2017 Total	19924.7	1565.2	1809.3	1774.4	1911.9	2240.8	2486.4	28938.4	60651.1		
Delta	-63.0	174.8	-148.6	-225.7	-89.7	-140.3	-441.8	4682.2	3747.9		

Quantity Summary										
FY 2018 President's Budget / December 2016 SAR (TY\$ M)										
Quantity Undistributed Pr			FY 2017	FY 2018	FY 2019	FY 2020	FY 2021	FY 2022	To Complete	Total
Development	14	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	14
Production	0	285	74	70	77	84	99	99	1668	2456
PB 2018 Total	14	285	74	70	77	84	99	99	1668	2470
PB 2017 Total	14	285	63	70	80	86	105	125	1629	2457
Delta	0	0	11	0	-3	-2	-6	-26	39	13

Cost and Funding

Annual Funding By Appropriation - F-35 Aircraft

Annual Funding - F-35 Aircraft 0400 I RDT&E I Research, Development, Test, and Evaluation, Defense-Wide									
		TY \$M							
Fiscal Year	Quantity	End Item Recurring Flyaway	Non End Item Recurring Flyaway	Non Recurring Flyaway	Total Flyaway	Total Support	Total Program		
1996							23.2		
1997							54.8		
1998							16.9		
Subtotal							94.9		

UNCLASSIFIED

Annual Funding - F-35 Aircraft 0400 I RDT&E I Research, Development, Test, and Evaluation, Defense-Wide									
		BY 2012 \$M							
Fiscal Year	Quantity	End Item Recurring Flyaway	Non End Item Recurring Flyaway	Non Recurring Flyaway	Total Flyaway	Total Support	Total Program		
1996							30.1		
1997							70.2		
1998							21.5		
Subtotal							121.8		

UNCLASSIFIED

Annual Funding - F-35 Aircraft										
	360	0 RDT&E Research, Development, Test, and Evaluation, Air Force TY \$M								
Fiscal Year	Quantity	End Item Recurring Flyaway	Non End Item Recurring Flyaway	Non Recurring Flyaway	Total Flyaway	Total Support	Total Program			
1995							67.5			
1996							65.4			
1997							202.3			
1998							357.2			
1999							366.5			
2000							200.3			
2001							274.3			
2002							302.6			
2003							1210.1			
2004							1584.1			
2005							1465.8			
2006							1678.6			
2007							1632.4			
2008							1359.0			
2009							1197.5			
2010							1567.4			
2011							715.4			
2012							1262.2			
2013							972.1			
2014							553.6			
2015							462.9			
2016							460.5			
2017							339.7			
2018							255.7			
2019							69.7			
2020							7.8			
2021							5.6			
Subtotal	5						18636.2			

			Annual Funding					
	360	0 RDT&E Rese	earch, Developme			orce		
			BY 2012 \$M					
Fiscal Year	Quantity	End Item Recurring Flyaway	Non End Item Recurring Flyaway	Non Recurring Flyaway	Total Flyaway	Total Support	Total Program	
1995							89.1	
1996							84.9	
1997							259.5	
1998							454.5	
1999							460.9	
2000							248.3	
2001							335.4	
2002							366.3	
2003							1443.6	
2004							1838.4	
2005							1657.5	
2006							1840.8	
2007							1747.3	
2008							1428.6	
2009							1242.9	
2010							1602.8	
2011							714.5	
2012							1240.0	
2013							945.1	
2014							530.6	
2015							438.2	
2016							428.9	
2017							310.4	
2018							229.0	
2019							61.2	
2020							6.7	
2021							4.7	
Subtotal	5						20010.1	

			Annual Funding ·	F-35 Aircraft			
	1:	319 RDT&E Re	esearch, Developr		valuation, Na	vy	
				TY \$M			
Fiscal Year	Quantity	End Item Recurring Flyaway	Non End Item Recurring Flyaway	Non Recurring Flyaway	Total Flyaway	Total Support	Total Program
1994							23.7
1995							78.7
1996							64.6
1997							195.6
1998							360.4
1999							378.9
2000							191.7
2001							274.3
2002							370.8
2003							1090.1
2004							1548.2
2005							1511.3
2006							1657.3
2007							1470.7
2008							1285.0
2009							1271.2
2010							1440.5
2011							987.9
2012							960.1
2013							1081.9
2014							683.6
2015							774.0
2016							841.9
2017							951.7
2018							244.6
2019							117.1
2020							3.3
2021							1.0
2022							1.0
Subtotal	9						19861.1

			Annual Funding -	- F-35 Aircraft			
	1:	319 I RDT&E I Re	esearch, Developr	ment, Test, and E BY 2012 \$I		vy	
Fiscal Year	Quantity	End Item Recurring Flyaway	Non End Item Recurring Flyaway	Non Recurring Flyaway	Total Flyaway	Total Support	Total Program
1994							31.9
1995							103.9
1996							83.9
1997							250.9
1998							458.6
1999							476.5
2000							237.6
2001							335.4
2002							448.8
2003							1300.4
2004							1796.8
2005							1709.0
2006							1817.4
2007							1574.3
2008							1350.8
2009							1319.4
2010							1473.0
2011							986.6
2012							943.2
2013							1051.8
2014							655.2
2015							732.7
2016							784.1
2017							869.5
2018							219.1
2019							102.8
2020							2.8
2021							3.0
2022							0.8
Subtotal	9						21118.0

			Annual Funding	- F-35 Aircraft			
		99	99 RDT&E Nor				
				TY \$M			
Fiscal Year	Quantity	End Item Recurring Flyaway	Non End Item Recurring Flyaway	Non Recurring Flyaway	Total Flyaway	Total Support	Total Program
1996							11.3
1997							67.1
1998							72.1
1999							49.0
2000							25.2
2001							9.5
2002							255.8
2003							298.7
2004							486.7
2005							734.8
2006							801.3
2007							635.3
2008							574.0
2009							236.0
2010							133.2
2011							169.4
2012							126.8
2013							148.5
2014							21.9
2015							15.0
2016							17.0
2017							22.0
2018							27.5
Subtotal							4938.1

		99	Annual Funding 99 RDT&E Nor					
		BY 2012 \$M						
Fiscal Year	Quantity	End Item Recurring Flyaway	Non End Item Recurring Flyaway	Non Recurring Flyaway	Total Flyaway	Total Support	Total Program	
1996							14.7	
1997							86.1	
1998							91.7	
1999							61.6	
2000							31.2	
2001							11.6	
2002							309.6	
2003							356.3	
2004							564.8	
2005							830.9	
2006							878.7	
2007							680.0	
2008							603.4	
2009							244.9	
2010							136.2	
2011							169.2	
2012							124.6	
2013							144.4	
2014							21.0	
2015							14.2	
2016							15.8	
2017							20.1	
2018							24.7	
Subtotal							5435.7	

			Annual Funding				
		3010 Pro	curement Aircra	aft Procurement, A TY \$M	Air Force		
Fiscal Year	Quantity	End Item Recurring Flyaway	Non End Item Recurring Flyaway	Non Recurring Flyaway	Total Flyaway	Total Support	Total Program
2006		107.6			107.6		107.6
2007	2	428.5		80.8	509.3	91.1	600.4
2008	6	983.1		172.3	1155.4	131.5	1286.9
2009	7	1009.2		277.6	1286.8	175.8	1462.6
2010	10	1471.2		355.7	1826.9	277.7	2104.6
2011	22	2751.2		569.1	3320.3	679.6	3999.9
2012	18	2041.5		375.7	2417.2	773.0	3190.2
2013	19	2074.6		76.6	2151.2	528.9	2680.1
2014	19	2034.6		617.8	2652.4	433.0	3085.4
2015	28	2715.8		542.0	3257.8	605.0	3862.8
2016	47	4076.0		561.5	4637.5	626.3	5263.8
2017	48	3761.0		255.2	4016.2	737.2	4753.4
2018	46	3730.5		613.5	4344.0	542.2	4886.2
2019	48	3351.3		486.9	3838.2	606.0	4444.2
2020	48	3879.7		520.1	4399.8	619.5	5019.3
2021	54	4116.5		482.1	4598.6	921.5	5520.1
2022	54	3795.4		525.2	4320.6	704.6	5025.2
2023	60	4906.8		558.1	5464.9	870.8	6335.7
2024	60	4712.4		548.9	5261.3	745.3	6006.6
2025	60	4273.2		554.4	4827.6	729.5	5557.1
2026	60	4326.5		556.7	4883.2	767.9	5651.1
2027	60	4792.7		515.3	5308.0	684.5	5992.5
2028	60	5507.9		526.4	6034.3	590.0	6624.3
2029	60	5143.9		533.9	5677.8	569.4	6247.2
2030	60	4721.5		545.6	5267.1	599.3	5866.4
2031	60	5024.0		563.5	5587.5	676.3	6263.8
2032	60	5792.3		587.9	6380.2	617.3	6997.5
2033	60	6756.5		607.4	7363.9	764.4	8128.3
2034	60	6431.8		609.0	7040.8	293.0	7333.8
2035	60	5868.0		612.5	6480.5	103.5	6584.0
2036	60	5982.0		623.0	6605.0	101.4	6706.4
2037	60	6548.8		676.1	7224.9	88.8	7313.7
2038	60	7433.1		689.4	8122.5	73.1	8195.6
2039	60	7121.9		703.4	7825.3	72.0	7897.3
2040	60	6514.5		716.2	7230.7	52.5	7283.2
2041	60	6647.7		729.1	7376.8	26.8	7403.6
2042	60	7304.5		733.2	8037.7		8037.7
2043	60	7296.9		638.8	7935.7		7935.7
2044	27	4441.1		353.8	4794.9		4794.9
Subtotal	1763	169875.7		19694.7	189570.4	16878.7	206449.1

			Annual Funding		· -		
		3010 Pro	curement Aircra	aft Procurement, A BY 2012 \$			
Fiscal Year	Quantity	End Item Recurring Flyaway	Non End Item Recurring Flyaway	Non Recurring Flyaway	Total Flyaway	Total Support	Total Program
2006		116.8			116.8		116.8
2007	2	452.5		85.4	537.9	96.2	634.1
2008	6	1022.9		179.3	1202.2	136.8	1339.0
2009	7	1035.7		284.7	1320.4	180.5	1500.9
2010	10	1478.8		357.6	1836.4	279.1	2115.5
2011	22	2711.6		561.0	3272.6	669.8	3942.4
2012	18	1983.6		365.0	2348.6	751.1	3099.7
2013	19	1994.3		73.6	2067.9	508.4	2576.3
2014	19	1930.5		586.2	2516.7	410.9	2927.6
2015	28	2538.3		506.5	3044.8	565.5	3610.3
2016	47	3742.5		515.5	4258.0	575.1	4833.1
2017	48	3386.7		229.8	3616.5	663.9	4280.4
2018	46	3293.4		541.6	3835.0	478.7	4313.7
2019	48	2900.6		421.4	3322.0	524.5	3846.5
2020	48	3292.1		441.3	3733.4	525.7	4259.1
2021	54	3424.6		401.1	3825.7	766.5	4592.2
2022	54	3095.5		428.3	3523.8	574.7	4098.5
2023	60	3923.5		446.3	4369.8	696.3	5066.1
2024	60	3694.2		430.3	4124.5	584.2	4708.7
2025	60	3284.2		426.1	3710.3	560.6	4270.9
2026	60	3260.0		419.4	3679.4	578.6	4258.0
2027	60	3540.4		380.6	3921.0	505.7	4426.7
2028	60	3989.0		381.2	4370.2	427.3	4797.5
2029	60	3652.3		379.1	4031.4	404.3	4435.7
2030	60	3286.7		379.7	3666.4	417.2	4083.6
2031	60	3428.7		384.6	3813.3	461.5	4274.8
2032	60	3875.5		393.3	4268.8	413.0	4681.8
2033	60	4432.0		398.4	4830.4	501.4	5331.8
2034	60	4136.3		391.6	4527.9	188.4	4716.3
2035	60	3699.7		386.1	4085.8	65.3	4151.1
2036	60	3697.6		385.1	4082.7	62.7	4145.4
2037	60	3968.6		409.7	4378.3	53.8	4432.1
2038	60	4416.1		409.7	4825.8	43.4	4869.2
2039	60	4148.3		409.7	4558.0	41.9	4599.9
2040	60	3720.1		409.0	4129.1	30.0	4159.1
2041	60	3721.7		408.2	4129.9	15.0	4144.9
2042	60	4009.3		402.4	4411.7		4411.7
2043	60	3926.5		343.8	4270.3		4270.3
2044	27	2343.0		186.6	2529.6		2529.6
Subtotal	1763	120554.1		14539.2	135093.3	13758.0	148851.3

	ntity Information - F-3 nent Aircraft Procure	
Fiscal Year	Quantity	End Item Recurring Flyaway (Aligned With Quantity) BY 2012 \$M
2006 2007 2008 2009 2010 2011 2012 2013 2014 2015 2016 2017 2018 2019 2020 2021 2021 2022 2023 2024 2024 2025 2026 2027 2028 2029 2030 2031 2031	2 6 7 10 22 18 19 19 19 28 47 48 46 48 46 48 46 48 46 60 60 60 60 60 60 60 60 60 60 60 60 60	 452.5 1022.9 1035.7 1478.8 2711.6 1983.6 1994.3 1930.5 2538.3 3742.5 3386.7 3293.4 2900.6 3292.1 3424.6 3095.5 3923.5 3694.2 3284.2 3284.2 3260.0 3540.4 3989.0 3652.3 3286.7 3428.7 3875.5 4432.0
2034 2035 2036 2037 2038 2039 2040 2041	60 60 60 60 60 60 60 60	4136.3 3699.7 3697.6 3968.6 4416.1 4148.3 3720.1 3721.7
2042 2043 2044	60 60 27	4009.3 3926.5 2459.8

Subtotal

1763

120554.1

			Annual Funding -		Naura			
	1506 Procurement Aircraft Procurement, Navy TY \$M							
Fiscal Year	Quantity	End Item Recurring Flyaway	Non End Item Recurring Flyaway	Non Recurring Flyaway	Total Flyaway	Total Support	Total Program	
2007		96.9			96.9		96.9	
2008	6	923.2		38.6	961.8	10.7	972.5	
2009	7	1062.0		182.0	1244.0	206.1	1450.1	
2010	20	2681.2		305.4	2986.6	560.9	3547.5	
2011	10	1494.8		251.0	1745.8	431.8	2177.6	
2012	13	1477.7		330.2	1807.9	746.7	2554.6	
2013	10	1107.3		44.1	1151.4	557.3	1708.7	
2014	10	1205.5		406.3	1611.8	642.3	2254.1	
2015	10	1115.0		585.5	1700.5	414.1	2114.6	
2016	21	2130.3		601.9	2732.2	629.9	3362.1	
2017	26	2431.3		366.0	2797.3	644.1	3441.4	
2018	24	2287.3		347.4	2634.7	478.3	3113.0	
2019	29	2340.9		356.8	2697.7	607.3	3305.0	
2020	36	3064.8		423.9	3488.7	598.0	4086.7	
2021	45	3884.3		358.4	4242.7	747.5	4990.2	
2022	45	3955.9		393.1	4349.0	776.9	5125.9	
2023	45	4242.7		424.1	4666.8	586.3	5253.1	
2024	45	4078.9		401.9	4480.8	404.0	4884.8	
2025	45	3678.6		413.5	4092.1	585.4	4677.5	
2026	45	3678.1		410.3	4088.4	528.8	4617.2	
2027	45	4026.5		391.1	4417.6	351.3	4768.9	
2028	45	4358.2		405.9	4764.1	518.7	5282.8	
2029	45	4229.3		397.1	4626.4	246.0	4872.4	
2030	39	3457.7		354.6	3812.3	358.3	4170.6	
2031	24	2171.3		492.8	2664.1	647.7	3311.8	
2032	3	307.6		340.7	648.3	520.8	1169.1	
Subtotal	693	65487.3		9022.6	74509.9	12799.2	87309.1	

			Annual Funding -		Now				
	1506 Procurement Aircraft Procurement, Navy BY 2012 \$M								
Fiscal Year	Quantity	End Item Recurring Flyaway	Non End Item Recurring Flyaway	Non Recurring Flyaway	Total Flyaway	Total Support	Total Program		
2007		102.3			102.3		102.3		
2008	6	960.6		40.2	1000.8	11.1	1011.9		
2009	7	1089.8		186.8	1276.6	211.5	1488.1		
2010	20	2695.1		307.0	3002.1	563.8	3565.9		
2011	10	1473.3		247.4	1720.7	425.6	2146.3		
2012	13	1435.8		320.8	1756.6	725.6	2482.2		
2013	10	1064.4		42.4	1106.8	535.7	1642.5		
2014	10	1143.8		385.5	1529.3	609.5	2138.8		
2015	10	1042.1		547.3	1589.4	387.0	1976.4		
2016	21	1956.0		552.7	2508.7	578.3	3087.0		
2017	26	2189.4		329.6	2519.0	579.9	3098.9		
2018	24	2019.3		306.6	2325.9	422.3	2748.2		
2019	29	2026.1		308.8	2334.9	525.6	2860.5		
2020	36	2600.6		359.7	2960.3	507.5	3467.8		
2021	45	3231.4		298.2	3529.6	621.8	4151.4		
2022	45	3226.4		320.6	3547.0	633.7	4180.7		
2023	45	3392.5		339.0	3731.5	468.9	4200.4		
2024	45	3197.6		315.0	3512.6	316.7	3829.3		
2025	45	2827.2		317.8	3145.0	449.9	3594.9		
2026	45	2771.4		309.1	3080.5	398.5	3479.0		
2027	45	2974.4		288.9	3263.3	259.5	3522.8		
2028	45	3156.3		294.0	3450.3	375.7	3826.0		
2029	45	3002.9		282.0	3284.9	174.6	3459.5		
2030	39	2406.9		246.9	2653.8	249.4	2903.2		
2031	24	1481.8		336.3	1818.1	442.1	2260.2		
2032	3	205.8		228.0	433.8	348.4	782.2		
Subtotal	693	53673.2		7510.6	61183.8	10822.6	72006.4		

F-35

Cost Quantity Information - F-35 Aircraft 1506 Procurement Aircraft Procurement, Navy						
Fiscal Year	Quantity	End Item Recurring Flyaway (Aligned With Quantity) BY 2012 \$M				
2007						
2008	6	960.6				
2009	7	1089.8				
2010	20	2695.1				
2011	10	1473.3				
2012	13	1435.8				
2013	10	1064.4				
2014	10	1143.8				
2015	10	1042.1				
2016	21	1956.0				
2017	26	2189.4				
2018	24	2019.3				
2019	29	2026.1				
2020	36	2600.6				
2021	45	3231.4				
2022	45	3226.4				
2023	45	3392.5				
2024	45	3197.6				
2025	45	2827.2				
2026	45	2771.4				
2027	45	2974.4				
2028	45	3156.3				
2029	45	3002.9				
2030	39	2406.9				
2031	24	1481.8				
2032	3	308.1				
Subtotal	693	53673.2				

Annual Funding - F-35 Aircraft 1205 MILCON Military Construction, Navy and Marine Corps						
Fiend	TY \$M					
Fiscal Year	Total Program					
2004	24.4					
2005						
2006	0.1					
2007						
2008	0.2					
2009	0.7					
2010	34.1					
2011	377.9					
2012	172.2					
2013	94.9					
2014	1.2					
2015	118.4					
2016	64.7					
2017	26.7					
2018	15.7					
2019	152.5					
2020						
2021						
2022	27.2					
2023	171.3					
2024	165.0					
2025	274.7					
2026	91.9					
2027	100.0					
2028	85.1					
2029	111.7					
Subtotal	2110.6					

Annual Funding - F-35 Aircraft 1205 MILCON Military Construction, Navy and Marine Corps						
Fiend	BY 2012 \$M					
Fiscal Year	Total					
	Program					
2004	27.8					
2005						
2006	0.1					
2007						
2008	0.2					
2009	0.7					
2010	34.1					
2011	369.3					
2012	165.8					
2013	90.1					
2014	1.1					
2015	108.0					
2016	57.9					
2017	23.4					
2018	13.5					
2019	128.5					
2020						
2021						
2022	21.6					
2023	133.4					
2024	126.0					
2025	205.6					
2026	67.4					
2027	71.9					
2028	60.0					
2029	77.2					
Subtotal	1783.6					

All DoN MILCON funding is reflected in the Aircraft subprogram.

	ling - F-35 Aircraft ary Construction, Air Force
Fiend	TY \$M
Fiscal Year	Total Program
2004	1.7
2005	10.0
2006	
2007	
2008	100.3
2009	116.0
2010	125.1
2011	139.6
2012	24.3
2013	13.5
2014	56.0
2015	66.7
2016	198.3
2017	336.3
2018	253.6
2019	182.2
2020	104.4
2021	
2022	
2023	
2024	71.1
2025	61.1
2026	59.3
2027	128.9
2028	115.9
2029	116.8
2030	108.7
2031	71.7
2032	
2033	
2034	
2035	
Subtotal	2682.8

Annual F 3300 MILCON	Funding - F-35 Aircraft Military Construction, Air Force
Et a sal	BY 2012 \$M
Fiscal Year	Total Program
2004	1.9
2005	11.1
2006	
2007	
2008	104.1
2009	118.8
2010	125.0
2011	136.4
2012	23.4
2013	12.8
2014	52.4
2015	60.8
2016	177.4
2017	294.9
2018	218.0
2019	153.6
2020	86.3
2021	
2022	
2023	65.0
2024	54.3
2025	45.7
2026	43.5
2027	92.7
2028	81.7
2029	80.8
2030	73.7
2031	47.7
2032	46.4
2033	24.0
2034	15.5
2035	2.6
Subtotal	2250.5

All Air Force F-35 MILCON funding is reflected in the Aircraft subprogram.

Annual Funding By Appropriation - F-35 Engine

Annual Funding - F-35 Engine 3600 I RDT&E I Research, Development, Test, and Evaluation, Air Force							
	TY \$M						
Fiscal Year	Quantity	End Item Recurring Flyaway	Non End Item Recurring Flyaway	Non Recurring Flyaway	Total Flyaway	Total Support	Total Program
1995							16.4
1996							15.9
1997							49.3
1998							87.1
1999							89.4
2000							48.8
2001							66.9
2002							409.8
2003							400.5
2004							435.8
2005							614.3
2006							586.3
2007							441.6
2008							596.0
2009							544.6
2010							466.1
2011							216.2
2012							101.8
2013							143.6
2014							52.0
2015							53.7
2016							36.5
2017							63.8
Subtotal	5						5536.4

Annual Funding - F-35 Engine 3600 I RDT&E I Research, Development, Test, and Evaluation, Air Force							
	BY 2012 \$M						
				DT 2012 ֆ	IVI		
Fiscal Year	Quantity	End Item Recurring Flyaway	Non End Item Recurring Flyaway	Non Recurring Flyaway	Total Flyaway	Total Support	Total Program
1995							21.7
1996							20.6
1997							63.2
1998							110.8
1999							112.4
2000							60.5
2001							81.8
2002							496.0
2003							477.8
2004							505.8
2005							694.7
2006							643.0
2007							472.7
2008							626.5
2009							565.2
2010							476.6
2011							215.9
2012							100.0
2013							139.6
2014							49.8
2015							50.8
2016							34.0
2017							58.3
Subtotal	5						6077.7

Annual Funding - F-35 Engine 1319 I RDT&E I Research, Development, Test, and Evaluation, Navy								
	TY \$M							
Fiscal Year	Quantity	End Item Recurring Flyaway	Non End Item Recurring Flyaway	Non Recurring Flyaway	Total Flyaway	Total Support	Total Program	
1994							5.8	
1995							19.3	
1996							15.8	
1997							47.7	
1998							87.8	
1999							92.4	
2000							46.7	
2001							66.9	
2002							350.4	
2003							550.8	
2004							533.2	
2005							572.5	
2006							528.1	
2007							639.1	
2008							563.9	
2009							433.1	
2010							445.7	
2011							252.9	
2012							187.6	
2013							199.2	
2014							116.1	
2015							172.9	
2016							100.7	
2017							59.7	
Subtotal	9						6088.3	

			A				
	1	319 RDT&E R	Annual Funding esearch. Develop	- F-35 Engine ment. Test. and E	valuation. Na	vv	
			,p	BY 2012 \$. ,	
Fiscal Year	Quantity	End Item Recurring Flyaway	Non End Item Recurring Flyaway	Non Recurring Flyaway	Total Flyaway	Total Support	Total Program
1994							7.8
1995							25.5
1996							20.5
1997							61.2
1998							111.7
1999							116.2
2000							57.9
2001							81.8
2002							424.1
2003							657.1
2004							618.8
2005							647.4
2006							579.1
2007							684.1
2008							592.8
2009							449.5
2010							455.8
2011							252.6
2012							184.3
2013							193.7
2014							111.3
2015							163.7
2016							93.8
2017							54.5
Subtotal	9						6645.2

	Annual Funding - F-35 Engine 0400 I RDT&E I Research, Development, Test, and Evaluation, Defense-Wide								
				ТҮ \$М					
Fiscal Year	Quantity	End Item Recurring Flyaway	Non End Item Recurring Flyaway	Non Recurring Flyaway	Total Flyaway	Total Support	Total Program		
1994							5.7		
1995							13.4		
1996							4.0		
Subtotal							23.1		

	Annual Funding - F-35 Engine 0400 RDT&E Research, Development, Test, and Evaluation, Defense-Wide								
				BY 2012 \$	М				
Fiscal Year	Quantity	End Item Recurring Flyaway	Non End Item Recurring Flyaway	Non Recurring Flyaway	Total Flyaway	Total Support	Total Program		
1994							7.7		
1995							17.7		
1996									
Subtotal							30.6		

			Annual Funding -	F-35 Engine						
	9999 I RDT&E I Non Treasury Funds									
				TY \$M						
Fiscal Year	Quantity	End Item Recurring Flyaway	Non End Item Recurring Flyaway	Non Recurring Flyaway	Total Flyaway	Total Support	Total Program			
1996							2.7			
1997							3.9			
1998							5.1			
1999							5.7			
2000							1.8			
2001							0.5			
2002							43.3			
2003							124.8			
2004							54.1			
2005							0.3			
2006										
2007							75.0			
2008							1.4			
2009										
2010										
2011							0.1			
2012										
2013							0.3			
Subtotal							319.0			

			Annual Funding -	F-35 Engine						
	9999 I RDT&E I Non Treasury Funds									
				BY 2012 \$I	М					
Fiscal Year	Quantity	End Item Recurring Flyaway	Non End Item Recurring Flyaway	Non Recurring Flyaway	Total Flyaway	Total Support	Total Program			
1996							3.5			
1997							5.0			
1998							6.5			
1999							7.2			
2000							2.2			
2001							0.6			
2002							52.4			
2003							148.9			
2004							62.8			
2005							0.3			
2006										
2007							80.3			
2008							1.5			
2009										
2010										
2011							0.1			
2012										
2013							0.3			
Subtotal							371.6			

	Annual Funding - F-35 Engine							
		3010 Proc	curement Aircra	ft Procurement, A	ir Force			
				TY \$M				
Fiscal Year	Quantity	End Item Recurring Flyaway	Non End Item Recurring Flyaway	Non Recurring Flyaway	Total Flyaway	Total Support	Total Program	
2006		9.8			9.8		9.8	
2007	2	47.5		6.9	54.4	27.7	82.1	
2008	6	123.6		35.0	158.6	30.9	189.5	
2009	7	127.0		63.9	190.9	33.3	224.2	
2010	10	176.7		72.6	249.3	59.1	308.4	
2011	22	353.2		91.6	444.8	136.6	581.4	
2012	18	275.3		65.7	341.0	123.0	464.0	
2013	19	262.5		11.9	274.4	89.6	364.0	
2014	19	282.1		31.2	313.3	47.5	360.8	
2015	28	386.7		15.5	402.2	116.2	518.4	
2016	47	606.1		23.2	629.3	126.7	756.0	
2017	48	621.9		19.2	641.1	166.6	807.7	
2018	46	646.6		46.2	692.8	135.1	827.9	
2019	48	585.5		36.6	622.1	141.8	763.9	
2020	48	685.4		39.1	724.5	166.1	890.6	
2021	54	735.4		36.3	771.7	195.6	967.3	
2022	54	672.1		39.5	711.6	170.3	881.9	
2023	60	866.7		42.0	908.7	248.6	1157.3	
2024	60	845.5		41.3	886.8	170.4	1057.2	
2025	60	766.0		41.7	807.7	198.8	1006.5	
2026	60	773.6		41.9	815.5	199.1	1014.6	
2027	60	847.4		38.8	886.2	137.0	1023.2	
2028	60	963.0		39.6	1002.6	127.1	1129.7	
2029	60	915.2		40.2	955.4	125.8	1081.2	
2030	60	832.7		41.1	873.8	132.8	1006.6	
2031	60	856.7		42.4	899.1	141.6	1040.7	
2032	60	950.3		44.2	994.5	135.8	1130.3	
2033	60	1079.9		45.7	1125.6	154.1	1279.7	
2034	60	1023.8		45.8	1069.6	81.6	1151.2	
2035	60	933.2		46.1	979.3	11.5	990.8	
2036	60	950.3		46.9	997.2	11.3	1008.5	
2037	60	1039.5		50.9	1090.4	9.9	1100.3	
2038	60	1178.2		51.9	1230.1	8.1	1238.2	
2039	60	1117.1		52.9	1170.0	8.0	1178.0	
2040	60	1018.9		53.9	1072.8	5.8	1078.6	
2041	60	1039.1		54.9	1094.0	3.0	1097.0	
2042	60	1140.1		55.2	1195.3		1195.3	
2043	60	1113.5		48.1	1161.6		1161.6	
2044	27	496.0		26.6	522.6		522.6	
Subtotal	1763	27344.1		1626.5	28970.6	3676.4	32647.0	

Annual Funding - F-35 Engine 3010 Procurement Aircraft Procurement, Air Force								
		3010 Proc	curement I Aircra	BY 2012 \$I				
Fiscal Year	Quantity	End Item Recurring Flyaway	Non End Item Recurring Flyaway	Non Recurring Flyaway	Total Flyaway	Total Support	Total Program	
2006		10.6			10.6		10.	
2007	2	50.2		7.3	57.5	29.2	86.	
2008	6	128.6		36.4	165.0	32.2	197.	
2009	7	130.3		65.6	195.9	34.2	230.	
2010	10	177.6		73.0	250.6	59.4	310.	
2011	22	348.1		90.3	438.4	134.6	573.	
2012	18	267.5		63.8	331.3	119.5	450.	
2013	19	252.3		11.4	263.7	86.2	349.	
2014	19	267.7		29.5	297.2	45.1	342.	
2015	28	361.4		14.5	375.9	108.6	484.	
2016	47	556.5		21.3	577.8	116.3	694.	
2017	48	560.0		17.3	577.3	150.0	727.	
2018	46	570.8		40.8	611.6	119.3	730.	
2019	48	506.8		31.7	538.5	122.7	661.	
2020	48	581.6		33.2	614.8	140.9	755.	
2021	54	599.8		29.6	629.4	159.5	788.	
2022	54	543.5		31.9	575.4	137.7	713.	
2023	60	693.0		33.6	726.6	198.8	925	
2024	60	662.8		32.4	695.2	133.6	828	
2025	60	588.7		32.0	620.7	152.9	773	
2026	60	582.9		31.6	614.5	150.0	764	
2027	60	626.0		28.7	654.7	101.2	755	
2028	60	697.4		28.7	726.1	92.1	818	
2029	60	649.8		28.5	678.3	89.4	767	
2030	60	579.6		28.6	608.2	92.5	700	
2031	60	584.7		28.9	613.6	96.6	710	
2032	60	635.8		29.6	665.4	90.9	756	
2033	60	708.4		30.0	738.4	101.0	839	
2034	60	658.4		29.5	687.9	52.4	740	
2035	60 60	588.4		29.0	617.4	7.3	624	
2036	60 60	587.4		29.0	616.4	7.0	623	
2037	60 60	629.9		30.9	660.8	6.0	666	
2038	60 60	700.0		30.8	730.8	4.8	735	
2039	60 60	650.7		30.7	681.4	4.7	686	
2040	60 60	581.8		30.8	612.6	3.3	615	
2041	60 60	581.7		30.8	612.5	1.7	614	
2042	60 60	625.8		30.3	656.1		656	
2043	60	599.2		25.9	625.1		625	
2044 Subtotal	<u>27</u> 1763	<u>261.7</u> 19387.4		14.0 1241.9	275.7 20629.3	2981.6	275 23610	

F-35

	ntity Information - F- nent I Aircraft Procure	
Fiscal Year	Quantity	End Item Recurring Flyaway (Aligned With Quantity) BY 2012 \$M
2006 2007 2008 2009 2010 2011 2012 2013 2014 2015 2016 2017 2018 2019 2020 2021 2020 2021 2022 2023 2024 2025 2026 2027 2028 2029	 2 6 7 10 22 18 19 19 28 47 48 46 48 46 48 46 48 46 48 46 60 60 60 60 60 60 60 60 60 60 60 60 60	 50.2 128.6 130.3 177.6 348.1 267.5 252.3 267.7 361.4 556.5 560.0 570.8 506.8 581.6 599.8 543.5 693.0 662.8 588.7 582.9 626.0 697.4 649.8
2030 2031 2032 2033 2034 2035 2036 2037 2038 2039 2040 2041 2041 2042 2043 2044	60 60 60 60 60 60 60 60 60 60 60 60 27	579.6 584.7 635.8 708.4 658.4 588.4 587.4 629.9 700.0 650.7 581.8 581.7 625.8 599.2 272.3

Subtotal

1763

19387.4

			Annual Funding -		Νοιοι				
		1506 Procurement Aircraft Procurement, Navy TY \$M							
Fiscal Year	Quantity	End Item Recurring Flyaway	Non End Item Recurring Flyaway	Non Recurring Flyaway	Total Flyaway	Total Support	Total Program		
2007		27.4			27.4		27.4		
2008	6	246.1		1.3	247.4	1.2	248.6		
2009	7	298.0		54.3	352.3	65.6	417.9		
2010	20	599.0		118.5	717.5	127.6	845.1		
2011	10	400.5		112.5	513.0	122.3	635.3		
2012	13	191.4		57.7	249.1	62.0	311.1		
2013	10	236.9		26.6	263.5	169.8	433.3		
2014	10	227.1		21.6	248.7	142.4	391.1		
2015	10	259.5		27.6	287.1	68.0	355.1		
2016	21	362.7		22.3	385.0	109.9	494.9		
2017	26	648.6		27.5	676.1	132.7	808.8		
2018	24	704.2		26.1	730.3	102.5	832.8		
2019	29	650.3		26.9	677.2	107.6	784.8		
2020	36	779.2		31.9	811.1	120.5	931.6		
2021	45	938.8		27.0	965.8	167.4	1133.2		
2022	45	964.6		29.6	994.2	168.5	1162.7		
2023	45	1042.4		85.4	1127.8	136.5	1264.3		
2024	45	1021.8		97.7	1119.5	84.5	1204.0		
2025	45	927.7		93.4	1021.1	118.4	1139.5		
2026	45	935.6		96.2	1031.8	114.5	1146.3		
2027	45	1022.8		67.1	1089.9	68.4	1158.3		
2028	45	1092.0		64.0	1156.0	107.8	1263.8		
2029	45	1047.0		67.6	1114.6	45.6	1160.2		
2030	39	776.4		52.8	829.2	70.5	899.7		
2031	24	318.9		122.1	441.0	92.1	533.1		
2032	3	42.6		91.6	134.2	68.1	202.3		
Subtotal	693	15761.5		1449.3	17210.8	2574.4	19785.2		

	Annual Funding - F-35 Engine								
		1506 Procurement Aircraft Procurement, Navy BY 2012 \$M							
Fiscal Year	Quantity	End Item Recurring Flyaway	Non End Item Recurring Flyaway	Non Recurring Flyaway	Total Flyaway	Total Support	Total Program		
2007		28.9			28.9		28.9		
2008	6	256.1		1.4	257.5	1.2	258.7		
2009	7	305.8		55.8	361.6	67.3	428.9		
2010	20	602.1		119.2	721.3	128.2	849.5		
2011	10	394.7		110.9	505.6	120.6	626.2		
2012	13	186.0		56.0	242.0	60.3	302.3		
2013	10	227.7		25.6	253.3	163.2	416.5		
2014	10	215.5		20.5	236.0	135.1	371.1		
2015	10	242.5		25.8	268.3	63.6	331.9		
2016	21	333.0		20.5	353.5	100.9	454.4		
2017	26	584.1		24.8	608.9	119.4	728.3		
2018	24	621.7		23.0	644.7	90.5	735.2		
2019	29	562.8		23.3	586.1	93.2	679.3		
2020	36	661.2		27.1	688.3	102.2	790.5		
2021	45	781.0		22.5	803.5	139.2	942.7		
2022	45	786.7		24.1	810.8	137.5	948.3		
2023	45	833.5		68.3	901.8	109.1	1010.9		
2024	45	801.0		76.6	877.6	66.2	943.8		
2025	45	713.0		71.8	784.8	91.0	875.8		
2026	45	705.0		72.5	777.5	86.2	863.7		
2027	45	755.6		49.5	805.1	50.6	855.7		
2028	45	790.9		46.4	837.3	78.0	915.3		
2029	45	743.4		48.1	791.5	32.3	823.8		
2030	39	540.5		36.7	577.2	49.1	626.3		
2031	24	217.6		83.3	300.9	62.9	363.8		
2032	3	28.5		61.4	89.9	45.5	135.4		
Subtotal	693	12918.8		1195.1	14113.9	2193.3	16307.2		

Cost Quantity Information - F-35 Engine 1506 Procurement Aircraft Procurement, Navy				
Fiscal Year	Quantity	End Item Recurring Flyaway (Aligned With Quantity) BY 2012 \$M		
2007				
2008	6	256.1		
2009	7	305.8		
2010	20	602.1		
2011	10	394.7		
2012	13	186.0		
2013	10	227.7		
2014	10	215.5		
2015	10	242.5		
2016	21	333.0		
2017	26	584.1		
2018	24	621.7		
2019	29	562.8		
2020	36	661.2		
2021	45	781.0		
2022	45	786.7		
2023	45	833.5		
2024	45	801.0		
2025	45	713.0		
2026	45	705.0		
2027	45	755.6		
2028	45	790.9		
2029	45 39	743.4		
2030 2031	39 24	540.5 217.6		
2031	24	57.4		
Subtotal	693	12918.8		
Subiolai	093	12910.0		

Low Rate Initial Production

F-35 Aircraft

Item	Initial LRIP Decision	Current Total LRIP
Approval Date	10/26/2001	5/23/2015
Approved Quantity	465	518
Reference	Milestone B ADM	LRIP Approval ADM
Start Year	2006	2006
End Year	2015	2019

The Current Total LRIP Quantity is more than 10% of the total production quantity due to the necessity to prevent a break in production and to ramp up to FRP.

F-35 Engine

Item	Initial LRIP Decision	Current Total LRIP
Approval Date	10/26/2001	5/23/2015
Approved Quantity	465	518
Reference	Milestone B ADM	LRIP Approval ADM
Start Year	2006	2006
End Year	2015	2019

The Current Total LRIP Quantity is more than 10% of the total production quantity due to the necessity to prevent a break in production and to ramp up to FRP.

Foreign Military Sales

F-35 Aircraft

Country	Date of Sale	Quantity	Total Cost \$M	Description
Japan	9/14/2015	16	3286.5	Japan signed an amendment to add 6 F-35A's in September 2015. Japan has an option to purchase 26 additional F-35A aircraft.
Israel	2/15/2015	33	5792.7	Israel submitted an Letter of Request on November 29, 2016 to exercise their option to purchase an additional 17 F-35A aircraft. Letter of Acceptance Amendment signature expected In 2nd Quarter FY 2017.
Korea	9/14/2014	40	6277.0	All 40 aircraft will be the F-35A aircraft.
Notes				

F-35 Engine

Notes

FMS information for the F-35 Engine subprogram are reflected in the F-35 Aircraft subprogram.

Nuclear Costs

F-35 Aircraft

None

F-35 Engine

None

Unit Cost

F-35 Aircraft

Current UCR Baseline and Current Estimate (Base-Year Dollars)				
	BY 2012 \$M	BY 2012 \$M		
Item	Current UCR Baseline (Jun 2014 APB)	Current Estimate (Dec 2016 SAR)	% Change	
Program Acquisition Unit Cost				
Cost	274958.4	271577.4		
Quantity	2457	2470		
Unit Cost	111.908	109.950	-1.75	
Average Procurement Unit Cost				
Cost	224332.9	220857.7		
Quantity	2443	2456		
Unit Cost	91.827	89.926	-2.07	

Original UCR Baseline and Current Estimate (Base-Year Dollars)				
	BY 2012 \$M	BY 2012 \$M		
Item	Revised Original UCR Baseline (Mar 2012 APB)	Current Estimate (Dec 2016 SAR)	% Change	
Program Acquisition Unit Cost				
Cost	276482.2	271577.4		
Quantity	2458	2470		
Unit Cost	112.483	109.950	-2.25	
Average Procurement Unit Cost				
Cost	224333.7	220857.7		
Quantity	2443	2456		
Unit Cost	91.827	89.926	-2.07	

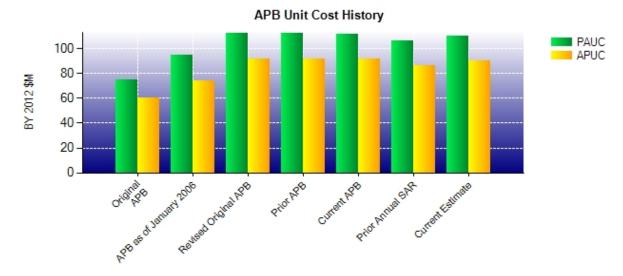
The DoD average F-35 Aircraft Unit Recurring Flyaway (URF) Cost consists of the Hardware (Airframe, Vehicle Systems, Mission Systems, and Engineering Change Order) costs over the life of the program. The URF assumes the quantity benefits of 132 FMS aircraft and 609 International Partner aircraft.

The current estimate for F-35 total procurement quantity increased from 2443 to 2456. This is the result of an increase of 13 F-35B aircraft to be procured by the United States Marine Corps (USMC). The increase is reflected in both the aircraft and engine subprogram and results in a change from 680 to 693 in the Department of Navy Aircraft Procurement accounts. The USMC validated this requirement through the Marine Corps Requirements Oversight Council (MROC). The additional aircraft are fully funded and the funding is reflected in the FY 2018 President's Budget submission. The additional aircraft were added after the completion of the congressionally directed Department-wide fighter mix study. The strategic review will assess future tactical fighter force inventory requirements across the Department.

F-35A (Conventional Take Off and Landing) URF - \$67.7M (BY 2012)

F-35B (Short Takeoff and Vertical Landing) URF - \$77.1M (BY 2012)

F-35C (Carrier Variant) URF - \$78.1M (BY 2012)



	APB Unit Cost History								
lite an	Dete	BY 2012	М						
Item	Date	PAUC	APUC	PAUC	APUC				
Original APB	Oct 2001	74.567	60.632	81.298	68.934				
APB as of January 2006	Mar 2004	94.837	73.845	100.407	81.826				
Revised Original APB	Mar 2012	112.529	91.827	135.065	115.697				
Prior APB	Mar 2012	112.529	91.827	135.065	115.697				
Current APB	Jun 2014	111.908	91.827	134.638	115.697				
Prior Annual SAR	Dec 2015	106.537	86.488	129.585	110.695				
Current Estimate	Dec 2016	109.950	89.926	138.495	119.608				

SAR Unit Cost History

Current SAR Baseline to Current Estimate (TY \$M)										
PAUC Development				Cha	nges PAUC					
Estimate	Econ	Qty	Sch	Eng	Est	Oth	Spt	Total	Current Estimate	
135.065	0.502	-0.222	8.678	1.055	-3.947	0.000	-2.636	3.430	138.495	

Current SAR Baseline to Current Estimate (TY \$M)												
Initial APUC Development				Cha	nges				APUC Current			
Estimate	Econ	Qty	Sch	Eng	Est	Oth	Spt	Total	Estimate			
115.697	0.491	-0.121	8.727	1.061	-3.596	0.000	-2.651	3.911	119.608			

	SAR B	Baseline History		
ltem	SAR Planning Estimate	SAR Development Estimate	SAR Production Estimate	Current Estimate
Milestone I	N/A	Nov 1996	N/A	Nov 1996
Milestone B	Mar 2001	Mar 2012	N/A	Mar 2012
Milestone C	TBD	Apr 2019	N/A	Apr 2019
IOC	TBD	TBD	N/A	Jul 2015
Total Cost (TY \$M)	24800.0	331855.2	N/A	342081.9
Total Quantity	N/A	2457	N/A	2470
PAUC	N/A	135.065	N/A	138.495

The Service IOC reflected in the above table is the U.S. Marine Corps Objective date. In addition, the U.S. Air Force IOC objective date was August 2016, and the U.S. Navy IOC objective date is August 2018.

-6.20

16.253

F-35 Engine

Current UCR Baseline	e and Current Estimate	(Base-Year Dollars)	
	BY 2012 \$M	BY 2012 \$M	
Item	Current UCR Baseline (Jun 2014 APB)	Current Estimate (Dec 2016 SAR)	% Change
Program Acquisition Unit Cost			
Cost	55273.5	53043.2	
Quantity	2457	2470	
Unit Cost	22.496	21.475	-4.54
Average Procurement Unit Cost			
Cost	42332.9	39918.1	
Quantity	2443	2456	
Unit Cost	17.328	16.253	-6.20
Original LICB Baseling	e and Current Estimate	(Base-Vear Dollars)	
	BY 2012 \$M	BY 2012 \$M	
Item	Original UCR Baseline (Mar 2012 APB)	Current Estimate (Dec 2016 SAR)	% Change
Item Program Acquisition Unit Cost	Baseline	Current Estimate	% Change
	Baseline	Current Estimate	% Change
Program Acquisition Unit Cost	Baseline (Mar 2012 APB)	Current Estimate (Dec 2016 SAR)	% Change
Program Acquisition Unit Cost Cost	Baseline (Mar 2012 APB) 53916.4	Current Estimate (Dec 2016 SAR) 53043.2	% Change
Program Acquisition Unit Cost Cost Quantity	Baseline (Mar 2012 APB) 53916.4 2458	Current Estimate (Dec 2016 SAR) 53043.2 2470	
Program Acquisition Unit Cost Cost Quantity Unit Cost	Baseline (Mar 2012 APB) 53916.4 2458	Current Estimate (Dec 2016 SAR) 53043.2 2470	

The DoD average F-35 Engine Unit Recurring Flyaway (URF) Cost consists of the Hardware (Propulsion and Engineering Change Order) costs over the life of the program. The URF assumes the quantity benefits of 132 FMS engines and 609 International Partner engines.

17.328

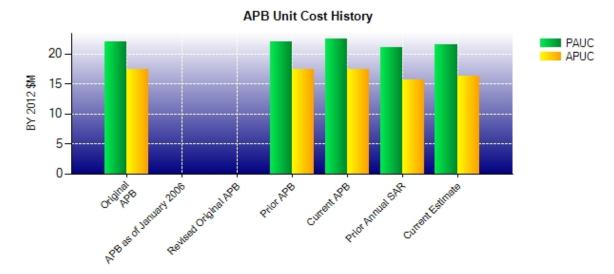
The current estimate for F-35 total procurement quantity increased from 2443 to 2456. This is the result of an increase of 13 F-35B aircraft to be procured by the United States Marine Corps (USMC). The increase is reflected in both the aircraft and engine subprogram and results in a change from 680 to 693 in the Department of Navy Aircraft Procurement accounts. The USMC validated this requirement through the Marine Corps Requirements Oversight Council (MROC). The additional aircraft are fully funded and the funding is reflected in the FY 2018 President's Budget submission. The additional aircraft were added after the completion of the congressionally directed Department-wide fighter mix study. The strategic review will assess future tactical fighter force inventory requirements across the Department.

F-35A (Conventional Take Off and Landing) URF - \$10.9M (BY 2012)

F-35B (Short Takeoff and Vertical Landing) URF - \$26.7M (BY 2012)

F-35C (Carrier Variant) URF - \$11.0M (BY 2012)

Unit Cost



	APB Unit Cost History								
ltow	Data	BY 201	2 \$M	ТҮ \$	М				
Item	Date	PAUC	APUC	PAUC	APUC				
Original APB	Mar 2012	21.989	17.328	25.990	21.708				
APB as of January 2006	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A				
Revised Original APB	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A				
Prior APB	Mar 2012	21.989	17.328	25.990	21.708				
Current APB	Jun 2014	22.496	17.328	26.396	21.708				
Prior Annual SAR	Dec 2015	20.960	15.709	24.685	19.930				
Current Estimate	Dec 2016	21.475	16.253	26.072	21.349				

SAR Unit Cost History

Current SAR Baseline to Current Estimate (TY \$M)												
PAUC Development				Char	nges				PAUC			
Estimate	Econ	Qty	Sch	Eng	Est	Oth	Spt	Total	Current Estimate			
25.990	0.083	-0.047	0.961	0.000	0.060	0.000	-0.975	0.082	26.072			

Current SAR Baseline to Current Estimate (TY \$M)												
Initial APUC Development				Cha	nges				APUC Current			
Estimate	Econ	Qty	Sch	Eng	Est	Oth	Spt	Total	Estimate			
21.708	0.077	-0.025	0.967	0.000	-0.398	0.000	-0.980	-0.359	21.349			

	SAR Baseline History							
Item	SAR Planning Estimate	SAR Development Estimate	SAR Production Estimate	Current Estimate				
Milestone A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A				
Milestone B	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A				
Milestone C	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A				
IOC	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A				
Total Cost (TY \$M)	N/A	63856.6	N/A	64399.0				
Total Quantity	N/A	2457	N/A	2470				
PAUC	N/A	25.990	N/A	26.072				

Cost Variance

F-35 Aircraft

	Si	ummary TY \$M		
Item	RDT&E	Procurement	MILCON	Total
SAR Baseline (Development Estimate)	44410.1	282647.8	4797.3	331855.2
Previous Changes				
Economic	-12.1	+1043.6	+4.3	+1035.8
Quantity				
Schedule		+3912.7		+3912.7
Engineering		+1826.8		+1826.8
Estimating	-1227.9	-9221.5	-8.3	-10457.7
Other				
Support		-9781.9		-9781.9
Subtotal	-1240.0	-12220.3	-4.0	-13464.3
Current Changes				
Economic	+2.5	+163.3	+39.0	+204.8
Quantity		+1204.0		+1204.0
Schedule		+17521.7		+17521.7
Engineering		+779.8		+779.8
Estimating	+357.7	+389.7	-38.9	+708.5
Other				
Support		+3272.2		+3272.2
Subtotal	+360.2	+23330.7	+0.1	+23691.0
Total Changes	-879.8	+11110.4	-3.9	+10226.7
CE - Cost Variance	43530.3	293758.2	4793.4	342081.9
CE - Cost & Funding	43530.3	293758.2	4793.4	342081.9

	Summ	nary BY 2012 \$M		
Item	RDT&E	Procurement	MILCON	Total
SAR Baseline (Development	47982.1	224332.9	4168.0	276483.0
Estimate)				
Previous Changes				
Economic				
Quantity				
Schedule				
Engineering		+1346.4		+1346.4
Estimating	-1613.5	-6467.3	-66.6	-8147.4
Other				
Support		-7921.1		-7921.1
Subtotal	-1613.5	-13042.0	-66.6	-14722.1
Current Changes				
Economic				
Quantity		+817.9		+817.9
Schedule		+6387.1		+6387.1
Engineering		+575.6		+575.6
Estimating	+317.0	-624.3	-67.3	-374.6
Other				
Support		+2410.5		+2410.5
Subtotal	+317.0	+9566.8	-67.3	+9816.5
Total Changes	-1296.5	-3475.2	-133.9	-4905.6
CE - Cost Variance	46685.6	220857.7	4034.1	271577.4
CE - Cost & Funding	46685.6	220857.7	4034.1	271577.4

Previous Estimate: December 2015

RDT&E	\$N	l
Current Change Explanations	Base Year	Then Year
Revised escalation indices. (Economic)	N/A	+2.5
Adjustment for current and prior escalation. (Estimating)	-1.9	-2.0
Revised estimate for Small Business Innovation Research (SBIR) in FY 2015 and FY 2016 (AF). (Estimating)	-34.1	-36.2
Additional funding for the Air Vehicle and Test program as a result of realignment of Procurement funding to RDTE (AF). (Estimating)	+186.3	+209.4
Revised estimate due to application of new outyear inflation indices (AF). (Estimating)	-0.6	-0.7
Revised estimate for SBIR in FY 2016 (Navy). (Estimating)	-29.0	-31.1
Additional funding for the Air Vehicle and Test program as a result of realigning close out System Development and Demonstration procurement funding to RDTE (Navy). (Estimating)	+194.8	+219.7
Revised estimate due to application of new outyear inflation indices (Navy). (Estimating)	+1.2	0.0
Revised estimate due to application of new outyear inflation indices (Non-Treasury Funds). (Estimating)	+0.5	+0.5
Realignment of cost between the Aircraft subprogram and the Engine subprogram (AF). (Estimating)	-23.8	-26.6
Realignment of cost between the Aircraft subprogram and the Engine subprogram (Navy). (Estimating)	+23.6	+24.7
Revised estimate due to realignment of program funding and actual funding investment (AF). (Estimating)	0.0	0.0
RDT&E Subtotal	+317.0	+360.2

Procurement	\$N	N
Current Change Explanations	Base Year	Then Year
Revised escalation indices. (Economic)	N/A	+163.3
Total Quantity variance resulting from an increase of 13 F-35Bs from 680 to 693 (APN). (Subtotal)	+777.7	+1144.8
Quantity variance resulting from an increase of 13 F-35Bs from 680 to 693 (APN). (Quantity)	(+817.9)	(+1204.0)
Allocation to Schedule resulting from Quantity change. (Schedule) (QR)	(+13.7)	(+20.2)
Allocation to Engineering resulting from Quantity change. (Engineering) (QR)	(+6.4)	(+9.4)
Allocation to Estimating resulting from Quantity change. (Estimating) (QR)	(-60.3)	(-88.8)
Stretch-out of procurement buy profile in FY 2017 to FY 2044 (Aircraft Procurement, AF) (APAF). (Schedule)	0.0	+6983.3
Additional schedule variance for U.S. procurement quantity profile adjustments (APAF). (Schedule)	+5653.6	+9537.2
Stretch-out of procurement buy profile in FY 2017 to FY 2032 (Aircraft Procurement, Navy) (APN). (Schedule)	0.0	-19.3
Additional schedule variance for U.S. procurement quantity profile adjustments (APN). (Schedule)	+719.8	+1000.3
Added funding for Disruptive Technology Innovation Partnership (DTIP) requirements (APAF). (Engineering)	+405.2	+561.6
Added funding for DTIP requirements (APN). (Engineering)	+164.0	+208.8

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Adjustment for current and prior escalation. (Estimating)	-19.2	-21.0
Revised estimate for International procurement quantity profile adjustments (APAF). (Estimating) (QR)	-60.4	-117.1
Revised estimate for International procurement quantity profile adjustments (APN). (Estimating) (QR)	-15.5	-51.6
Additional funding due to revised estimating assumptions (APAF). (Estimating)	+1058.7	+1491.2
Additional funding due to revised estimating assumptions (APN). (Estimating)	+445.8	+581.1
Revised estimate of Airframe cost due to the incorporation of the latest prime and subcontractor actuals and labor/exchange rates (APAF). (Estimating)	-1893.5	-1491.9
Revised estimate of Airframe cost due to the incorporation of the latest prime and subcontractor actuals and labor/exchange rates (APN). (Estimating)	-1189.2	-1383.6
Revised estimate of non-recurring costs due to Diminishing Manufacturing Sources (DMS) and Ancillary (APAF). (Estimating)	+863.6	+1132.8
Revised estimate of non-recurring costs due to DMS and Ancillary (APN). (Estimating)	+384.4	+487.1
Update for fact of life changes for prior years/lots FY 2006-2016 (APAF). (Estimating)	-77.5	-82.8
Update for fact of life changes for prior years/lots FY 2006-2016 (APN). (Estimating)	-61.2	-65.7
Adjustment for current and prior escalation. (Support)	-3.2	-3.3
Increase in Other Support due to Manpower Full Time Equivalent Heads (FTE) and associated rates updated (APAF). (Support)	+987.1	+1395.2
Increase in Other Support due to Manpower FTE and associated rates updated (APN). (Support)	+1131.0	+1559.3
Increase in Initial Spares due to estimating methodology update to reflect the actual demand data from executed flight hours (APAF). (Support)	+149.9	+187.3
Increase in Initial Spares due to estimating methodology update to reflect the actual demand data from executed flight hours (APN). (Support)	+145.7	+133.7
Procurement Subtotal	+9566.8	+23330.7

(QR) Quantity Related

MILCON	\$M	
Current Change Explanations	Base Year	Then Year
Revised escalation indices. (Economic)	N/A	+39.0
Adjustment for current and prior escalation. (Estimating)	-11.1	-12.4
Revised estimate as a result of refined requirements (Navy). (Estimating)	-68.9	-11.4
Refined estimate as a result of refined requirements (AF). (Estimating)	+12.7	-15.1
MILCON Subtotal	-67.3	+0.1

Cost Variance

F-35 Engine

Summary TY \$M						
Item	RDT&E	Procurement	MILCON	Total		
SAR Baseline (Development Estimate)	10823.7	53032.9		63856.6		
Previous Changes						
Economic	+16.5	+116.2		+132.7		
Quantity						
Schedule		+744.1		+744.1		
Engineering						
Estimating	+1122.7	-2353.0		-1230.3		
Other						
Support		-2852.0		-2852.0		
Subtotal	+1139.2	-4344.7		-3205.5		
Current Changes						
Economic	+0.1	+72.7		+72.8		
Quantity		+221.3		+221.3		
Schedule		+1630.3		+1630.3		
Engineering						
Estimating	+3.8	+1375.8		+1379.6		
Other						
Support		+443.9		+443.9		
Subtotal	+3.9	+3744.0		+3747.9		
Total Changes	+1143.1	-600.7		+542.4		
CE - Cost Variance	11966.8	52432.2		64399.0		
CE - Cost & Funding	11966.8	52432.2		64399.0		

Summary BY 2012 \$M						
Item	RDT&E	Procurement	MILCON	Total		
SAR Baseline (Development Estimate)	11695.2	42332.9		54028.1		
Previous Changes						
Economic						
Quantity						
Schedule						
Engineering						
Estimating	+1427.4	-1781.7		-354.3		
Other						
Support		-2174.3		-2174.3		
Subtotal	+1427.4	-3956.0		-2528.6		
Current Changes						
Economic						
Quantity		+150.3		+150.3		
Schedule		+266.3		+266.3		
Engineering						
Estimating	+2.5	+778.7		+781.2		
Other						
Support		+345.9		+345.9		
Subtotal	+2.5	+1541.2		+1543.7		
Total Changes	+1429.9	-2414.8		-984.9		
CE - Cost Variance	13125.1	39918.1		53043.2		
CE - Cost & Funding	13125.1	39918.1		53043.2		

Previous Estimate: December 2015

RDT&E		Л
Current Change Explanations	Base Year	Then Year
Revised escalation indices. (Economic)	N/A	+0.1
Adjustment for current and prior escalation. (Estimating)	-0.1	-0.1
Realignment of cost between the Aircraft subprogram and Engine subprogram (AF). (Estimating)	+23.9	+26.6
Realignment of cost between the Aircraft subprogram and Engine subprogram (Navy).	-23.5	-24.7

(Estimating)	1 0			
Revised estimate due to application of	new outyear infl	ation indices (Non-Treasury Funds).	+2.2	+2.0
(Estimating)				
RDT&E Subtotal			+2.5	+3.9

RDT&E Subtotal

Procurement	\$N	1
Current Change Explanations	Base Year	Then Year
Revised escalation indices. (Economic)	N/A	+72.7
Total Quantity variance resulting from an increase of 13 F-35Bs from 680 to 693 (APN). (Subtotal)	+140.5	+206.8
Quantity variance resulting from an increase of 13 F-35Bs from 680 to 693 (APN). (Quantity)	(+150.3)	(+221.3)
Allocation to Schedule resulting from Quantity change. (Schedule) (QR)	(+4.6)	(+6.7)
Allocation to Estimating resulting from Quantity change. (Estimating) (QR)	(-14.4)	(-21.2)
Stretch-out of procurement buy profile in FY 2017 to FY 2044 (Engine Procurement, AF) (APAF). (Schedule)	0.0	+1258.5
Stretch-out of procurement buy profile in FY 2017 to FY 2044 (Engine Procurement, Navy) (APN). (Schedule)	0.0	-3.1
Additional schedule variance for U.S. procurement quantity profile adjustments (Engine Procurement, AF). (Schedule)	+209.9	+302.4
Additional schedule variance for U.S. procurement quantity profile adjustments (Engine Procurement, Navy). (Schedule)	+51.8	+65.8
Adjustment for current and prior escalation. (Estimating)	-3.4	-3.3
Revised estimate for International procurement quantity adjustments (Engine Procurement, AF). (Estimating) (QR)	+1.0	-2.3
Revised estimate for International procurement quantity adjustments (Engine Procurement, Navy). (Estimating) (QR)	+7.0	+5.7
Additional funding due to revised estimating assumptions (Engine Procurement, AF). (Estimating)	+24.3	+30.5
Additional funding due to revised estimating assumptions (Engine Procurement, Navy). (Estimating)	+25.4	+31.6
Revised estimate due to the incorporation of the latest actuals (Engine Procurement, AF). (Estimating)	+764.9	+1241.4
Revised estimate due to the incorporation of the latest actuals (Engine Procurement, Navy). (Estimating)	-26.1	+93.6
Update for fact of life changes for prior years/lots FY 2006-2016 (Engine Procurement, AF). (Estimating)	+0.1	-0.1
Update for fact of life changes for prior years/lots FY 2006-2016 (Engine Procurement,	-0.1	-0.1

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Navy). (Estimating)		
Adjustment for current and prior escalation. (Support)	-0.9	-1.3
Increase in Other Support due to Manpower FTE and associated rates updated (APAF). (Support)	+108.3	+153.7
Increase in Other Support. Manpower FTE and associated rates updated (APN). (Support)	+125.6	+173.7
Increase in Initial Spares due to estimating methodology update to reflect the actual demand data from executed flight hours (APAF). (Support)	+64.5	+81.0
Increase in Initial Spares due to estimating methodology update to reflect the actual demand data from executed flight hours (APN). (Support)	+48.4	+36.8
Procurement Subtotal	+1541.2	+3744.0

(QR) Quantity Related

Contracts

General Notes

The F135 LRIP 8 Engine contract no longer meets the threshold for the six largest contracts.

Contract Identification	
Appropriation:	Procurement
Contract Name:	F-35 LRIP 6
Contractor:	Lockheed Martin
Contractor Location:	1 Lockheed Boulevard Ft. Worth, TX 76108
Contract Number:	N00019-11-C-0083
Contract Type:	Fixed Price Incentive(Firm Target) (FPIF), Cost Plus Incentive Fee (CPIF)
Award Date:	December 28, 2012
Definitization Date:	September 27, 2013

Contract Price							
Initial Co	Initial Contract Price (\$M) Current Contract Price (\$M) Estimated Price At Completion (\$M)				ice At Completion (\$M)		
Target	Ceiling	Qty	Target	Ceiling	Qty	Contractor	Program Manager
4392.1	N/A	36	7270.5	N/A	36	7111.0	7270.5

Target Price Change Explanation

The difference between the Initial Contract Price Target and the Current Contract Price Target is due to definitization of Production Non-Recurring, Annualized Sustainment, Non-Annualized Sustainment, Depot, and Spares scope.

Contract Variance					
Item	Cost Variance	Schedule Variance			
Cumulative Variances To Date (12/31/2016)	-81.0	-182.0			
Previous Cumulative Variances	-131.2	-203.4			
Net Change	+50.2	+21.4			

Cost and Schedule Variance Explanations

The favorable net change in the cost variance is due to underruns experienced by Lockheed Martin Rotary and Mission Systems in the areas of Autonomic Logistics Information Systems (ALIS) manpower, Support Equipment, and Training Systems. These underruns are due to multiple reasons: reduced staffing levels, favorable negotiations with suppliers, realized efficiencies, and bulk purchase strategies across the multiple ongoing Sustainment contracts.

The favorable net change in the schedule variance is due to schedule recovery for previous tooling delays.

Notes

As a whole, the CLIN consist of multiple contract types including Fixed Price Incentive Fee as well as Cost Plus Incentive Fee and Cost Plus Fixed-Fee. For this reason, the overall contract type is mixed and there is not a true contract ceiling.

This contract is more than 90% complete; therefore, this is the final report for this contract.

Contract Identification	
Appropriation:	Procurement
Contract Name:	F-35 LRIP 7
Contractor:	Lockheed Martin
Contractor Location:	1 Lockheed Boulevard Ft. Worth, TX 76108
Contract Number:	N00019-12-C-0004
Contract Type:	Fixed Price Incentive(Firm Target) (FPIF), Cost Plus Incentive Fee (CPIF)
Award Date:	September 27, 2013
Definitization Date:	September 27, 2013

Contract Price							
Initial Contract Price (\$M) Current Contract Price (\$M)					Estimated Pr	rice At Completion (\$M)	
Target	Ceiling	Qty	Target	Ceiling	Qty	Contractor	Program Manager
4447.1	N/A	35	5657.9	N/A	35	5533.1	5657.9

Target Price Change Explanation

The difference between the Initial Contract Price Target and the Current Contract Price Target is due to definitization of Tech Assist, Non-Annualized Sustainment and Depot scope.

Contract Variance							
Item	Cost Variance	Schedule Variance					
Cumulative Variances To Date (12/31/2016)	-14.0	-73.0					
Previous Cumulative Variances	-78.6	-84.8					
Net Change	+64.6	+11.8					

Cost and Schedule Variance Explanations

The favorable net change in the cost variance is due to Repair or Replenishment (RoR) orders being negotiated at lower rates than preivoulsy anticipated by the Contractor. Along with this improved cost variance, there were also underruns experienced primarily due to Lockheed Martin Rotary & Mission Systems (RMS) on Support Equipment deliveries and Autonomic Logistics Information Systems (ALIS) manpower and kits.

The favorable net change in the schedule variance is due to The unfavorable net change in the schedule variance is due to Support Equipment deliveries not completing within the Section F Period of Performance end date November 2016.

Notes

As a whole, the CLIN consist of multiple contract types including Fixed Price Incentive Fee as well as Cost Plus Incentive Fee and Cost Plus Fixed-Fee. For this reason, the overall contract type is mixed and there is not a true contract ceiling.

This contract is more than 90% complete; therefore, this is the final report for this contract.

Contract Identification	
Appropriation:	Procurement
Contract Name:	F-35 LRIP 8
Contractor:	Lockheed Martin
Contractor Location:	1 Lockheed Boulevard Ft Worth, TX 76108
Contract Number:	N00019-13-C-0008
Contract Type:	Fixed Price Incentive(Firm Target) (FPIF), Cost Plus Incentive Fee (CPIF)
Award Date:	February 28, 2013
Definitization Date:	November 21, 2014

Contract Price							
Initial Contract Price (\$M) Current Contract Price (\$M) Estimated Price At Completion						rice At Completion (\$M)	
Target	Ceiling	Qty	Target	Ceiling	Qty	Contractor	Program Manager
5153.5	N/A	43	5201.1	N/A	43	5187.9	5201.1

Target Price Change Explanation

The difference between the Initial Contract Price Target and the Current Contract Price Target is due to authorization of Reprogramming Center West Prime Mission Equipment.

Contract Variance							
Item	Cost Variance	Schedule Variance					
Cumulative Variances To Date (12/31/2016)	-85.0	-239.0					
Previous Cumulative Variances	-65.0	-136.1					
Net Change	-20.0	-102.9					

Cost and Schedule Variance Explanations

The unfavorable net change in the cost variance is due to part shortages driving out-of-station work and assembly labor inefficiencies as well as overruns within quality labor and material allocations.

The unfavorable net change in the schedule variance is due to late spares and Mission Systems tool deliveries.

Notes

As a whole, the CLIN consist of multiple contract types including Fixed Price Incentive Fee as well as Cost Plus Incentive Fee and Cost Plus Fixed-Fee. For this reason, the overall contract type is mixed and there is not a true contract ceiling.

To date, 42 of 43 aircraft have been delivered. The final jet is projected to deliver in June 2017.

This contract is more than 90% complete; therefore, this is the final report for this contract.

Appropriation:	Procurement
Contract Name:	FY15 Annualized Sustainment
Contractor:	Lockheed Martin
Contractor Location:	1 Lockheed Boulevard Ft Worth, TX 76108
Contract Number:	N00019-15-C-0031
Contract Type:	Cost Plus Incentive Fee (CPIF)
Award Date:	October 28, 2014
Definitization Date:	November 01, 2014

	Contract Price						
Initial Contract Price (\$M) Current Contract Price (\$M) Estimated Price At Complete						ice At Completion (\$M)	
Target	Ceiling	Qty	Target	Ceiling	Qty	Contractor	Program Manager
704.0	N/A	N/A	1810.6	N/A	N/A	1537.8	1810.6

Target Price Change Explanation

The difference between the Initial Contract Price Target and the Current Contract Price Target is due to definitization of nonannualized Sustainment effort and extension of FY 2015 annualized Sustainment Period of Performance.

Contract Variance							
Item	Cost Variance	Schedule Variance					
Cumulative Variances To Date (12/31/2016)	+90.0	-68.0					
Previous Cumulative Variances	-65.0	-136.1					
Net Change	+155.0	+68.1					

Cost and Schedule Variance Explanations

The favorable net change in the cost variance is due to correction to the Repair or Replenishment (RoR) activities so that appropriate performance could be taken. Along with this improved cost variance, there were also underruns experienced primarily due to Lockheed Martin Rotary & Mission Systems (RMS) (reduced staffing levels, favorable negotiations with suppliers, realized efficiencies, and bulk purchase strategies across the multiple ongoing Sustainment contracts).

The favorable net change in the schedule variance is due to correction to the RoR activities so that appropriate performance could be taken. This is partially offset by delays to Autonomic Logistics Information Systems 2.0.2 software release activities.

Notes

As a whole, the CLIN consist of multiple contract types including Fixed Price Incentive Fee as well as Cost Plus Incentive Fee and Cost Plus Fixed-Fee. For this reason, the overall contract type is mixed and there is not a true contract ceiling.

Contract Identification	
Appropriation:	Procurement
Contract Name:	F-35 LRIP 9
Contractor:	Lockheed Martin
Contractor Location:	1 Lockheed Boulevard Fort Worth, TX 76101
Contract Number:	N00019-14-C-0002
Contract Type:	Fixed Price Incentive(Firm Target) (FPIF), Cost Plus Incentive Fee (CPIF)
Award Date:	November 29, 2013
Definitization Date:	November 02, 2016

Contract Price							
Initial Contract Price (\$M) Current Contract Price (\$M) Estimated Price At Completion (\$M						ice At Completion (\$M)	
Target	Ceiling	Qty	Target	Ceiling	Qty	Contractor	Program Manager
738.0	N/A	57	6650.5	N/A	57	6847.8	6650.5

Target Price Change Explanation

The difference between the Initial Contract Price Target and the Current Contract Price Target is due to definitization of the LRIP 9 Production effort. Initial Contract Price consisted primarily of Long Lead material and Non-Recurring Tooling.

Contract Variance							
Item	Cost Variance	Schedule Variance					
Cumulative Variances To Date (12/31/2016)	-51.0	-118.0					
Previous Cumulative Variances							
Net Change	-51.0	-118.0					

Cost and Schedule Variance Explanations

The unfavorable cumulative cost variance is due to unbudgeted long lead hardware driving false variances.

The unfavorable cumulative schedule variance is due to Mission Systems tooling delays and Radar performing behind schedule due to late supplier turn on.

Notes

This is the first time this contract is being reported.

As a whole, the CLIN consist of multiple contract types including Fixed Price Incentive Fee as well as Cost Plus Incentive Fee and Cost Plus Fixed-Fee. For this reason, the overall contract type is mixed and there is not a true contract ceiling.

The first Undefinitized Contract Action Integrated Program Management Report submittal was received in month-end May 2016. To date, 17 of 57 aircraft have been delivered. The final jet is projected to deliver in December 2017.

Contract racination	
Appropriation:	Procurement
Contract Name:	F135 LRIP 10
Contractor:	Pratt & Whitney
Contractor Location:	400 Aircraft Road Middletown, CT 06457
Contract Number:	N00019-15-C-0004
Contract Type:	Fixed Price Incentive(Firm Target) (FPIF), Cost Plus Incentive Fee (CPIF)
Award Date:	January 06, 2012
Definitization Date:	February 15, 2013

Contract Price							
Initial Contract Price (\$M) Current Contract Price (\$M) Estimated Price At Completion (\$M)							
Target	Ceiling	Qty	Target	Ceiling	Qty	Contractor	Program Manager
370.6	N/A	102	2136.3	N/A	102	2123.0	2136.3

Target Price Change Explanation

The difference between the Initial Contract Price Target and the Current Contract Price Target is due to definitization of the production effort and Sustainment work scope.

Contract Variance				
Item	Cost Variance	Schedule Variance		
Cumulative Variances To Date (12/31/2016)	-43.0	-51.0		
Previous Cumulative Variances				
Net Change	-43.0	-51.0		

Cost and Schedule Variance Explanations

The unfavorable cumulative cost variance is due to the engine hardware is costing more than planned due primarily to the contractor agreeing to engine cost targets based on their original cost curve commitment that is not achievable today due to delays with incorporating enough engineering changes and affordability initiatives to lower the manufacturing costs; and the supply chain team being unable to negotiate lower pricing from the supply base. Additionally, re-work required with Autonomic Logistic Information System (ALIS) software and additional planning & management resources in Fleet Management Services; and a retroactive rate adjustment for the 2016 General and Administrative rates.

The unfavorable cumulative schedule variance is due to late Fan engine hardware deliveries being managed by supply chain buyers who are managing on-hand inventory levels, late Turbine Exhaust Cases due to part complexity and Nozzle divergent flaps due to quality non-conformances, suppliers yield issues and coating operations delays.

Notes

This is the first time this contract is being reported.

As a whole, the CLIN consist of multiple contract types including Fixed Price Incentive Fee as well as Cost Plus Incentive Fee and Cost Plus Fixed-Fee. For this reason, the overall contract type is mixed and there is not a true contract ceiling.

Deliveries and Expenditures

F-35 Aircraft

Deliveries						
Delivered to Date Planned to Date Actual to Date Total Quantity Percent Delivered						
Development	14	14	14	100.00%		
Production	192	187	2456	7.61%		
Total Program Quantity Delivered	206	201	2470	8.14%		

Expended and Appropriated (TY	\$M)		
Total Acquisition Cost	342081.9	Years Appropriated	24
Expended to Date	75460.8	Percent Years Appropriated	47.06%
Percent Expended	22.06%	Appropriated to Date	100978.1
Total Funding Years	51	Percent Appropriated	29.52%

The above data is current as of May 23, 2016.

Totals reflect U.S. aircraft only-no International Partner aircraft.

F-35 Engine

Deliveries						
Delivered to Date Planned to Date Actual to Date Total Quantity Percent						
Development	14	14	14	100.00%		
Production	192	187	2456	7.61%		
Total Program Quantity Delivered	206	201	2470	8.14%		

Expended and Appropriated (TY \$	M)		
Total Acquisition Cost	64399.0	Years Appropriated	24
Expended to Date	18158.5	Percent Years Appropriated	47.06%
Percent Expended	28.20%	Appropriated to Date	21601.7
Total Funding Years	51	Percent Appropriated	33.54%

The above data is current as of May 23, 2016.

Engines planned and actual to date only include production installs.

Operating and Support Cost

F-35 Aircraft

Cost Estimate Details	
Date of Estimate:	March 07, 2016
Source of Estimate:	CAPE ICE
Quantity to Sustain:	2443
Unit of Measure:	Flying Hour
Service Life per Unit:	30.00 Years
Fiscal Years in Service:	FY 2011 - FY 2070

The 14 developmental aircraft will not be sustained. The CAPE ICE does not include the 13 US Marine Corps F-35B aircraft added in the FY 2018 PB.

Sustainment Strategy

The F-35 Product Support Manager (PSM) has developed and is executing a Sustainment Strategy that is consistent with warfighter requirements, technical specifications, extant contracts, government policies, and best practices. The F-35 Sustainment Strategy expressly states that the F-35 Program will:

- Design, develop, deliver and sustain a single, integrated, and global system of sustainment products, processes, and business practices. These actions will enable the F-35 Air System to achieve a high degree of effectiveness at an affordable cost.

- Tailor the global system to meet warfighter-defined and PSM-supported readiness and cost objectives. This action will ensure that the global system is responsive and flexible as operational needs vary over time.

- Maintain life-cycle focus, including the reduction of costs. This action will provide critical affordability benefits and further supports a high degree of effectiveness as Air System maturity grows.

- Create a mutually-beneficial enterprise that – with relevant metrics and incentives – operates, manages, and supports the global system. This action further improves responsiveness and enhances affordability.

 Leverage the global resource base – government and commercial – to take advantage of stakeholder capabilities, human capital, best practices, and similar critical contributions. This action increases robustness and scalability as the F -35 fleet grows and matures.

Antecedent Information

The F-35 family of aircraft variants will replace the following current aircraft: F-16C/D, A-10, F/A-18C/D, and AV-8B. The F-35 O&S estimate is based on legacy fleet history only when F-35 specific data is not available.

Comparing the costs of the 5th Generation F-35 to legacy aircraft is challenging. The cost table compares an adjusted F-16C/D Cost per Flying Hour (CPFH) to a forecast of the CPFH for the F-35A variant. The F-35A CPFH figure is based on the Conventional Takeoff and Landing (CTOL) variant only. The F-35A CTOL variant will make up the majority of the DoD F-35 aircraft procurement, accounting for 1,763 of 2,457 total aircraft currently planned for U.S. forces.

The F-16C/D CPFH figures were developed in a joint effort between CAPE and the Air Force Cost Analysis Agency. The

figures have been normalized for comparison to the F-35A CPFH forecast. The starting point for the F-16C/D CPFH is an average of actual cost incurred for this fleet during FY 2008 through FY 2010. In order to enable the direct comparison of the CPFH figures, the actual F-16C/D CPFH is adjusted to reflect the cost of fuel, the number of flight hours forecast for the F-35A, and FY 2013 inflation indices. The F-16C/D figures include costs that F-16 shares with other Air Force platforms: Systems Engineering/Program Management (SEPM), maintenance training costs, certain software development efforts, and information systems. Costs for mission planning are included in the F-35A CPFH figure, but equivalent costs for the F-16C/D are not available, and no adjustment was made for this element of cost. Finally, the F-16C/D figures assume full funding of requirements consistent with the F-35A CPFH figures.

Annual O&S Costs BY2012 \$K				
Cost Element	F-35 Aircraft Average Annual Cost Per Flying Hour	F-16C/D (Antecedent) Cost Per Flying Hour (\$)		
Unit-Level Manpower	8.470	10.042		
Unit Operations	4.923	5.632		
Maintenance	11.126	5.501		
Sustaining Support	3.179	2.075		
Continuing System Improvements	2.108	2.291		
Indirect Support	0.000	0.000		
Other	0.000	0.000		
Total	29.806	25.541		

The F-35 CAPE ICE is unchanged from the December 2015 SAR.

Given the significant increase in military capabilities provided, it is reasonable to expect F-35A to cost more to operate and sustain than 4th generation legacy aircraft.

		Total O&S	Cost \$M	
Item				
nem	Current Develo Objective/Tr		Current Estimate	F-16C/D (Antecedent)
Base Year	617000.0	678700.0	620805.4	N/A
Then Year	1113272.6	N/A	1123844.0	N/A

The Total O&S Cost figures reflect the CAPE ICE. The O&S cost estimate includes all three U.S. aircraft variants, is based on a forecast 30-year service-life, and is based on planned usage rates provided by each relevant military service. The planned F-35 usage rates, in terms of aircraft flight hours per year, are as follows: F-35A CTOL @ 250 hrs./yr.; F-35B STOVL @ 302 hrs./yr.; and F-35C CV @ 316 hrs./yr. The O&S cost estimate is not a simple extrapolation of the F-35A flying hour cost shown in the unitized O&S cost table. The CAPE ICE uses FY 2015 inflation indices, and includes revised forecasts of labor escalation rates for military, civilian, and contractor personnel. A comparable total cost figure for the antecedent system (i.e., F-16C/D) is not available.

Not included in the CAPE ICE are the intermediate maintenance costs for the Marine Corps as observed with the operational squadron at Marine Corps Air Station Yuma. Although the program of record (POR) acknowledges only unit and depot levels of maintenance, it appears that the Department of Navy (DoN) is moving towards incorporating some form of intermediate maintenance for its squadrons. However, the DoN has not made the decision to change the POR at this point. While the extent of the additional maintenance level is currently unclear, a change in F-35 maintenance

strategy appears to be likely for at least the DoN. CAPE recommends that the Services develop business case analyses to determine the impact of intermediate maintenance levels on the respective F-35 variants, in terms of both cost and readiness.

The CAPE ICE O&S cost estimate incorporates actual information on component reliabilities obtained from the ongoing F -35 flight operations, including flight test and field operations. This program information is provided from the DoD test community, through Director, Operational Test and Evaluation, and includes actual reliability information on many F-35 components based on data collected during approximately 31,000 hours of flight operations. The data include all variants and flight operations through May 2015.

The reliability information has been compared to expected reliabilities for this stage of the program, for all variants, based on reliability growth curves. The CAPE ICE O&S estimate continues to reflect the increased DLR costs present in the 2014 SAR estimate, because component reliability information obtained from actual flight operations data remains inconsistent with expectations.

CAPE will continue to work with the DoD operational test community to improve the processes and methods used to incorporate actual data and information on component reliabilities and removal rates, obtained from ongoing flight operations, into the CAPE life-cycle O&S cost estimate for the F-35 program. This information will be used, together with reliability improvement forecasts, to update the O&S cost estimates as the program proceeds to and beyond IOC. In the future, the use of actual flight operations information could result in substantial changes in forecasts of DLR costs in CAPE O&S estimates.

Affordability remains the F-35 program office number one priority. As such, the F-35 program team is focused on reducing sustainment costs across the program. The program continues to target O&S cost avoidance through the Cost War Room (CWR) and Reliability and Maintainability Improvement Program (RMIP). Concurrent to CWR activity, the program office has taken strides to transition from analogy and parametric estimating approaches toward contracted values to improve the O&S cost estimate's accuracy. As a result of CWR affordability initiatives, requirement refinement, and improved cost data quality, the program has reduced the program's annual cost per flight hour.

The O&S POE is captured in the 2016 Annual Cost Estimate (ACE) of \$602.3B BY 2012\$ (\$1.061 Trillion TY\$) and has been updated to reflect the latest technical baseline for the program and incorporates revised stakeholder requirements. Primary updates to the 2016 POE include service requirements, JP-5 and JP-8 fuel prices and consumption, and depotlevel repairable (DLR) costs.

The CAPE estimate does not incorporate the program office updates to the 2016 ACE. The program office does not support the CAPE's use of actual reliability data from ongoing flight operations. The reliability data used in the CAPE estimate is based on a mix of aircraft configurations and represent only 9% of the hours required to reach Reliability and Maintainability maturity of the F-35 fleet. The CAPE estimate accounted for the real price change of military personnel compensation. The program office does not have a position on military personnel real price change and will incorporate once it becomes DoD guidance.

The F-35 PEO believes that the inherent differences between the F-35 and the F-16 estimates, such as mission planning costs being included in F-35 but not F-16 and the fact that the F-16 is a mature weapons system with many reliability and maintenance costs "leaned out" over the years, result in an overstating of the differences in cost per flying hour between the two. Regardless of the difference, the F-35 program office is committed to, and has enacted multiple programs to drive the O&S costs of the F-35 down.

Equation to Translate Annual Cost to Total Cost

The F-35 steady state cost per flying hour reflected in the annual O&S cost section does not easily translate to the Total O&S value for the program because the total O&S costs reflect costs for all three variants of the F-35 for the U.S. Air Force, U.S. Marine Corps, and U.S. Navy, whereas the CPFH reflects the U.S. Air Force F-35A only.

O&S Cost Variance				
Category	BY 2012 \$M	Change Explanations		
Prior SAR Total O&S Estimates - Dec 2015 SAR	620805.4			
Programmatic/Planning Factors	0.0			
Cost Estimating Methodology	0.0			
Cost Data Update	0.0			
Labor Rate	0.0			
Energy Rate	0.0			
Technical Input	0.0			
Other	0.0			
Total Changes	0.0			
Current Estimate	620805.4			

Disposal Estimate Details

Date of Estimate:

Source of Estimate:

Disposal/Demilitarization Total Cost (BY 2012 \$M):

Program maturity is not at a point where disposal costs can be estimated within an acceptable margin of error.

F-35 Engine

ost Estimate Details	
e of Estimate:	
irce of Estimate:	
antity to Sustain:	
t of Measure:	
vice Life per Unit:	
cal Years in Service:	

O&S costs for the engine subprogram are included in the overall program costs that are shown in the F-35 Aircraft subprogram.

Sustainment Strategy

Antecedent Information

Annual O&S Costs BY2012 \$K				
Cost Element	F-35 Engine	No Antecedent (Antecedent)		
Unit-Level Manpower	0.000	0.000		
Unit Operations	0.000	0.000		
Maintenance	0.000	0.000		
Sustaining Support	0.000	0.000		
Continuing System Improvements	0.000	0.000		
Indirect Support	0.000	0.000		
Other	0.000	0.000		
Total				

	Total O&S Cost \$M			
ltem	F-35 Engine		No Antecedent	
	Current Development APB Objective/Threshold		Current Estimate	(Antecedent)
Base Year	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Then Year	N/A	N/A	N/A	0.0

O&S Cost Variance			
Category	BY 2012 \$M	Change Explanations	
Prior SAR Total O&S Estimates - Dec 2015 SAR	0.0		

Programmatic/Planning Factors	0.0	
Cost Estimating Methodology	0.0	
Cost Data Update	0.0	
Labor Rate	0.0	
Energy Rate	0.0	
Technical Input	0.0	
Other	0.0	
Total Changes	0.0	
Current Estimate	0.0	

Disposal Estimate Details

Date of Estimate:

Source of Estimate:

Disposal/Demilitarization Total Cost (BY 2012 \$M):